The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9968—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1880.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (LIMITED)

Will despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. BENZADA, 2,078 Tons, on THURSDAY, 4th November, 1880, at 3 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Coompta, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Coconada, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on TUESDAY, 2nd November, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Beader Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Bussorah in or going or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S.S. PUTTEALA, 839 Tons, on SATURDAY, 6th November, 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR RANGOON.

S.S. CHILKA, 1,988 Tons, on THURSDAY, 11th November, 1880, calling at Cochin and Negapatam.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S.S. JAVA, 1,467 Tons, on THURSDAY, 18th November, 1880.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steaming packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 29th October, 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave
GENOA and BOMBAY
on the 24th, on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

(Including all Taxes.) Fees through the Suez Canal.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck Passengers.
Aden	£ 25 0 Rs. 150	£ 15 0 Rs. 90	£ 5 0 Rs. 30
Suez	50 " 300	30 " 180	10 " 60
Port Said	60 " 360	40 " 240	15 " 90
Messina	90 " 540	60 " 360	20 " 120
Naples	90 " 540	60 " 360	20 " 120
Leghorn	90 " 540	60 " 360	20 " 120
Genoa	90 " 540	60 " 360	20 " 120
Marseilles	100 " 600	70 " 420	25 " 150

Children under 9 years, free of charge; Children not above 12 years, half-fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay:—

MAGRA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st November, 1880.
SUMATRA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st December, 1880.

Both Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked, at through rates.

For Handbooks of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, 1st October, 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL
VIA MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

about 8th Nov.
do. 1st Dec.
do. 18th Dec.
do. 31st Dec.
do. 15th Jan.
do. 29th Jan.

specially built and adapted for the trade.
ON and STEWARDESS.
nation, and any further information, apply to

ES & Co. } Agents.
AM & Co. }

LINE

NSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN STEAMSHIPS.

SERVICE between
Y, LIVERPOOL, and MEDITERRANEAN.

	Tons.	H.P.	Nomi.
ers	5300	400	about 8th Dec.
rtin	2872	800	to follow.
	2107	424	do.
al	2289	500	do.
on	3003	1000	do.

specially fitted for the Indian
ion for a large number of
LEON and STEWARDESS.
Rs. 600
" 500
Genoa " 450
" 400
rmation, and for any
M & Co., Agents.

ked in connection
ice, either from
SON,
ND
MAKERS,
WS STREET,
BAY.

CINE CHESTS

their completeness and
n to the circumstances of
ike approved by medical
ave been of immense ser-
life, health, and comfort.
d on the principle that
of medicines and the
al aid are alike to be
y simple and some
every person ought
d till the arrival of
ETE LIST AND DE-
THESTS WILL BE

ecial varieties
kept in stock.

LEATHER CHESTS.—Very convenient for travelling and handy in packing; not affected by climate. Nos. 12 and 29 are suitable for a small family.

Prices (Nos.	1	2	3	12	15	29
Complete (Rs.	30	38	21	45	42	55

POLISHED WOOD CHESTS.—Mostly mahogany, some rose-wood, walnut, oak and teak. These are all domestic chests and vary in size from the small bedroom case to the more complete one of the medical officer. Nos. 4, 5, and 6 are strongly recommended as good family chests.

Prices (Nos.	4	5	6	9	14	19	22	24	25	26	27	28
Complete (Rs.	39	44	50	70	47	65	80	43	55	59	66	100

GRAINED WOOD CHESTS.—These are more or less of a large size, and suitable for railway companies, contractors, industrialists, and other employers of labour. No. 8 is much recommended.

Prices (Nos.	7	8	16	17	18
Complete (Rs.	60	100	70	85	130

MOROCCO POCKET CASES.—Contain from six to a dozen phials; convenient in short Journeys or when a small quantity of kit only is carried.

Nos. 3, 6, 9, and 10.

Besides, the above there are several patterns in Tin, useful for sea voyages or where wet is to be guarded against, and in addition to our regular patterns, we fit up the following special chests.

DR. MOORE'S MEDICINE CHEST.

Containing the remedies recommended in his work "FAMILY MEDICINE FOR INDIA,"

AND

DR. HUNTER'S DISTRICT CHEST.

Fitted up according to his work
"MODERN DOMESTIC MEDICINE."

All the chests are furnished with a copy of

KEMP'S MEDICINE CHEST COMPANION,

which the "LANCET" has characterized as "a very useful little companion to the Medicine Chest," and which directs the uses and doses of almost every commonly known remedy.

"THE MEDICINE CHESTS ARE MODELS OF COMPACTNESS AND THIS LITTLE BOOK WILL BE SO UNCERTAIN GUIDE TO THE POSSESSOR OF ONE OF THEM."—*Indian Statesman.*

D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as follows:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
BANGALORE	2342	450	H. Wyatt	6th Nov.
s. INDUS	3162	500	S. D. Shallard	13th "
SURAT	3142	550	W. E. Breeze	20th "
s. NIZAM	2725	450	G. W. Brady	27th "
MONGOLIA	2833	530	E. M. Edmond, R.N.R.	4th Dec.
s. VERONA	3116	600	E. Ashdown	11th "
THIBET	2363	600	W. R. Jordan	18th "
s. ROSETTA	3300	700	A. E. Barlow	25th "

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

KASHGAR	2621	450	S. F. Cole 5th Nov.
MIRZAPORE	3387	600	A. Parish, R.N.R. 19th "
LOMBARDY	2723	450	J. R. Chapman 3rd Dec.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Return Tickets at reduced rates available for 3 months are now issued:—

From Bombay to Brindisi or Venice and back ... Rs. 950
Do. do. with option of travelling one way *viâ* Southampton ... Rs. 1,000
Do. to Galle (available for 2 months) ....150 1st Class. 2nd Class. 75
Do. to Penang and Singapore (do) 450 255

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 27th Oct., 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to Passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 25th Oct., 1880.

STEAM TO HONGKONG *VIA* COLOMBO, PENANG, & SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. MARS Captain F. COLOMBO, will be DESPATCHED as above positively on the 29th November, 1880. For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent, A. H. Lloyd's S. N. Co.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 1, 1880.

STEAM TO LONDON.
TO SAIL ABOUT 11TH DECEMBER.

MR. ALFRED HOLT'S fast Steamer "ORESTES," 2,050 tons Reg., 300 H. P. nominal, J. K. WEBSTER, commander, will be DESPATCHED as above.

This Steamer has splendid accommodation for a large number of passengers.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THE Company's following steamers will be despatched from Bombay as above.

Vessels.	Captains.	
s.s. TEBE	D. Lucich	27th Nov., 1880.
s.s. AVORIARTS	G. Marussig	5th Jan., 1881.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste ...	Rs. 400 ...	Rs. 280 ...	Rs. 150 0
Victoria (Lissa) ...	" ...	" ...	" 122 0
Ancona ...	" ...	" ...	" 122 0
Said ...	" ...	" ...	" 122 0
To Port Said ...	" 170 ...	" 130 ...	" 66 8
To Suez ...	" ...	" ...	" ...

Orders will be received on board after sunset on the arrival of ports to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, October 27th, 1880.

COL. HAWES' MONSIMBUL ESTATE TEA AGENCY,

M. H. MAJU & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS for INDIA, and all PARTS of the WORLD.

INDIAN TEA SUPPLIERS TO THE ARMY AND NAVY

RECEIVED Second Consignment of NEW SEASON CHOICE TEAS of excellent flavour from this, the most celebrated Garden in India.

THE REDUCTION OF PRICES.

In air-tight tin boxes of 1, 2, and 4 lbs.

Extra Fine Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-12 per lb.; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-8; Extra Fine Pekoe, Re. 1-8; Combination, Re. 1-8; Pekoe Souchong, Extra Fine, Re. 1-6; Souchong, Extra Fine, Re. 1-4.

Above 15 lbs., 2 annas less per lb. Wholesale in tin-lined half chests of 50 lbs., three annas less per lb.

Imperial Family Mixture, Re. 1 per lb.; Congou, As. 11 per lb.; Bohea, As. 12 per lb. 15 lbs. and upwards 5 per cent. discount.

CAUTION.—To detect fraud by Servants, Masters are requested to destroy Labels over the boxes. None are genuine without our Stamps on two sides.

M. H. MAJU & Co.
(M. H. MAJU, late partner, Morton & Co.)
Elphinstone Circle, No. 4. Messrs. Bolton & Co.'s old premises.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of cargo per ship COMPTA are hereby informed of the ship's ARRIVAL from LONDON, and are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING, and to take DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay from the Prince's Dock.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed by the captain or ship's surveyor before removal, otherwise no claims will be admitted.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 30th Oct., 1880.

COOPER AND COMPANY.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS FOR 1881.

MESSRS. COOPER and Co. beg to remind their Constituents that SUBSCRIPTIONS for the ensuing year should be RENEWED before the 25th November, 1880, so that the Renewal Order may reach England in time to prevent any break in the Supplies.

COOPER and Co. take this opportunity to inform the Public that their Subscription Rates for English Newspapers and Periodicals have been revised for 1881, with a view to place the English Periodical Literature within the reach of all.

COOPER and Co. will be happy to forward, Free, their handsomely got-up Calendar and Directory for 1881, containing an enlarged list of English Newspapers and Periodicals.

Every attention is paid to the regular and punctual despatch of all Newspapers and Periodicals, so as to ensure their timely delivery in Bombay and Up-country.

☞ Attention is respectfully invited to their MONTHLY LIST of New Books and latest French Novels. It will be posted, gratis, on application, and Orders registered for their regular Supply.

COOPER AND CO.,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND NEWS-AGENTS,
MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL BROWN WINDSOR SOAP TABLETS,

CAN be used by all classes of people, being cheap, economical, and made of best materials and perfumes, Per dozen Tablets, 11 as.

SPECIALLY PREPARED BY E. RIMMEL
FOR
B. S. MADON & Co.,
CHEMISTS,
12, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

☞ Each Tablet is stamped with our Name, without which NONE IS GENUINE.

MADON'S CODLIVER OIL EMULSION,

WITH LACTO-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTIES.

THIS elegant Preparation possesses the combined Properties of CODLIVER OIL and LACTO-PHOSPHATE of LIME, each of which is by itself a specific for WASTING DISEASES. It has been used with great advantage in cases of DEFECTIVE ASSIMILATION. It is employed in various forms of DYSPEPSIA, but chiefly in those presumed to depend upon the DEBILITY of the STOMACH, as in SCROFULA and PHTHISIS, and a variety of other diseases dependent upon DEFECTIVE NUTRITION. It is also adapted to the treatment of RICKETS IN CHILDREN. It is PALATABLE, and quite FREE from the DISGUSTING TASTE and SMELL of Codliver Oil; it is entirely MISCIBLE IN WATER, MILK, OR COFFEE, and it is taken by Children and Females without the least repugnance.

PLEASE ASK FOR "MADON'S CODLIVER OIL EMULSION," &c.

Per Bottle—Rs. 1-0.
B. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEES ..... GEO. NORVILLE AND GEO. CROFTON.
STAGE MANAGERS, J. BURTON AND G. CROFTON.
Season 1880-81.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

The Company sailed from Liverpool on Tuesday, 19th October, per s. s. Hispania, and will comprise the following artistes:—

Mrs. Digby de R. Willoughby.	Mr. John Burton.
Miss Edith Wilson.	Mr. Denbigh Newton.
Miss Clara Hutchinson.	Mr. J. Turner.
Miss Emily Blain.	Mr. R. Cowell.
Miss Violet Vivian.	Mr. George Crofton.
Miss Minnie Nordi.	Mr. Frank Stuart.
Mrs. Norville.	Mr. George Norville.
Musical Director	Mr. Dudley Wyatt.
Scenic Artiste	Herr Maurice Freyberger.
Mechanist	Mr. Morton.

GEO. NORVILLE,
Business Manager.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, in Bombay and up-country, issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

☞ A RETURN of 15 PER CENT. is allowed on all Policies.

CHEAVIN'S PATENT RAPID FILTERS.

The most efficient yet invented.

		Cash Prices. Rs. a.
No. 000	Half gallon size	9 0
" "	" Wicker covered	11 0
" 00	One and a half gallon size	11 0
" "	Wicker covered	14 0
" 0	Two and a half gallon size	15 0
" 1	Three and a half gallon size	20 0
" 2	Five gallon size	27 0
" 3	Six "	31 0
Ornamental Dining-room Filters		40 0
Refrigerating Filter in Terra Cotta ware		60
Cheavin's Pocket Filter		5 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.

UNIVERSAL SCANTLING DIAGRAM FOR STIFFNESS.

PRINTED on large drawing paper from a copper-plate engraved by Elliot Brothers. Has been adopted by the Military Works Branch, P. W. D., and the Governments of Bengal, Madras, Bombay, and North-West Provinces. A new invention for obtaining instantly, without calculation, the proper scantling for beams, rafters, joists, burgahs, &c., of any shape and any kind of timber.

Price, exclusive of packing ..... Rs. 4.

Apply to GEORGE R. PURVIS and SON, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Wholesale terms may be ascertained from the author, Lieutenant-Colonel MACKESY, Nowshera, Punjab.

DHOND AND MANMAD STATE RAILWAY.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS.

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that the following ALTERATIONS in the TRAIN SERVICE will come into force on and from the 1st proximo.

Two Mixed Trains will run daily between Dhond and Manmad and *vice versâ*, in connection with the Trains running on the G. I. P. Railway, as under:—

DOWN.		A. M.	A. M.	UP.		A. M.	P. M.
Dhond	dep	4 0	10 45	Manmad	dep	4 0	12 25
	"		P. M.		"		P. M.
Nagar	arr	7 35	2 22	Nagar	arr	10 35	7 0
	dep	8 0	2 45		dep	11 0	7 25
Manmad	arr	P. M. 2 50	9 35	Dhond	"	P. M. 2 35	10 30

For further information *vide* Sheet Time-Tables, which are exhibited at all Stations, or apply to the undersigned.

By Order,
W. J. CHAMBERLAIN,
Traffic Superintendent.
Ahmednagar, 28th October, 1880.

TREACHER'S elegant TONIENE is a promoter of appetite before, and easy digestion after, a meal; a most agreeable medium for the administration of CODLIVER OIL (assisting its assimilation); or, with Soda Water, a luxuriously refreshing and invigorating draught; and contains two grains of Howard's Quinine in each wineglassfull.

Pint bottles each Cash Re. 1-8
Quart ..... " " " 2-8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT.
AGENTS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR
PULVERMACHER'S
MEDICO-GALVANIC APPLIANCES.
CASH PRICE LIST, JULY, 1879.

CHAIN BANDS, for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Chronic Rheumatism, Local Paralysis, and Cramp in the extremities.
Rs. 4, Rs. 8, Rs. 11, Rs. 13-8, and Rs. 16-8.

BROAD CHAIN BELTS, for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Nervous Complaints.
Rs. 22-8, Rs. 30, and Rs. 36.

BROAD CHAIN BELTS with suspenser, Rs. 45.

BROAD CHAIN BANDS, for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Aches, and Noises in the Head. Rs. 16.

COMBINED BANDS, for General Debility, Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, and Functional Disorders, Rs. 30 and Rs. 36.

RESTORATION CHAIN BATTERIES, for Extreme Nervous Debility, Paralysis, and for Restoring Exhausted Vital Energy, Rs. 63.

INTENSITY BATH BATTERIES, for treatment by Electric Baths for Paralysis, Want of Power, &c., and for eliminating poisonous substances (lead and mercury) from the system, Rs. 72.

	Each	Rs.	a.
GLASS INTERRUPTORS	Each	2	0
VOLTAMETERS OR TEST TUBES	"	2	4

Pamphlets on application. Usual discount to the trade

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

CHRISTMAS and New Year's Greeting Cards, from 2 annas to Rs. 2.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

LETTS'S DIARIES for 1881, of all shapes and sizes.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	as.
McCarthy's History of Our Own Times, from the accession of Queen Victoria to the general election in 1880, 4 vols.	30	0
Green's History of the English People, 4 vols.	40	0
Biglow's History of Procedure in England from the Norman Conquest ...	10	0
Farrer's Crimes and Punishments ...	3	12
Bower's Leaves from a Hunting Journal	13	4
Wilkie Collins's new novel, "Jezebel's Daughter"	2	4
Queen of the Meadow, a novel, by C. Gibbon	2	4
Foreign Countries and British Colonies, "Peru," by C. R. Markham	2	4
"Statesman," a monthly Journal, edited by R. Knight, for October	1	4
Fowlers' Sexual Science	13	4
Ouida's new novel, "Moths"	3	4
Twenty-one Days in India, by Sir Ali Baba	2	8
Guy's Forensic Medicine, new edition, 1880	8	0
Wortz's Atomic Theory	3	4
Greville's Faiths and Fashions	4	12
Brassey's Voyage in the Sun-Beam, cheap edition...	1	4
Maxmuller's Handbook for the Study of Sanscrit	4	12
Well's Turkish Grammar	9	8
Redhouse's Turkish Dictionary ...	25	0
Clarke's Persian Manual	4	8
Raverty's Pushtoo Manual	3	4
Roby's Latin Grammar	3	4
Proctor's Pleasant Ways in Science ...	3	12
Ditto Myths and Marvels of Astronomy	3	12
Danvers's Railway Reports, 1879-1880	1	4

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

GLASS AND CROCKERY-WARE.

TREACHER and COMPANY, LIMITED, import only the finest quality Glass, of the choicest patterns, and as their SUPPLIES are purchased DIRECT from the leading Manufacturers in England, ON THE LOWEST TERMS FOR CASH, they are in a position to supply Goods at a much lower rate than those charged by Dealers, who incur heavy Agency charges, eventually levied from the Consumer.

TREACHER'S SETS OF GLASS-WARE, complete for 12 persons, consist of 2 Soda Quart Decanters, 1 Claret Jug, 12 each Champagne, Claret, Hock, Port, Sherry, Liqueur, Pint and Finger Glasses, 12 each Beer and Soda Water Tumblers, and 12 Flower Tubes.

Half sets for 6 persons, consist of 2 Quart Decanters, 6 each Champagne, Claret, Hock, Port, Sherry, Liqueur, Custard and Finger Glasses, 6 each Beer and Soda-water Tumblers.

		Full sets for 12.		Half sets for 6.	
No. 1	Pattern Plain straw stem	Rs. 115	0	Cash Prices Rs. 52	0
2	" Richly etched circles	160	0	" 72	0
3	" Cut and engraved stars	158	0	" 71	0
4	" Cut dead single key	158	0	" 71	0
6	" Cut and etched loops and balls	194	0	" 87	0
7	" Cut dead lines, diamonds and stars...	240	0	" 112	0

Plain and facet and many other patterns; and single pieces supplied, or sets altered to suit the convenience of purchasers.

Claret Decanters, Jugs for Cup, Water Carafon, Sugar Basins, Milk Jugs, Preserve Jars, Biscuit Jars, Pickle Jars, Salt Cellars, Ice Pails, Ice Plates, Butter Dishes, etc., to match the above patterns.

FLOWER TROUGHS, BASKETS, VASES, TUBES, AND STANDS IN VARIETY.

The CHINA and STONE WARES are purchased direct from the leading STAFFORDSHIRE AND FRENCH POTTERIES. The Ware can be supplied in complete sets, or in separate parts, to suit the convenience of the purchaser; so that customers may replace broken pieces, or increase the set at any time, with the same pattern as originally purchased.

STONE-WARE DINNER SERVICES with Blue, Green, Maroon, and Gilt lines, from Rs. 110 to Rs. 250 per set.

CHINA AND MAJOLICA DESSERT SERVICES in a variety of handsome styles.

BREAKFAST AND TEA SERVICES with Blue, Green, Maroon, and Gilt lines, or elegantly painted, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 300 per set.

TOILET AND CHAMBER SERVICES.

Illustrated Priced Lists free on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES, CYRIAX, AND FARRIES,

WHOLESALE AND EXPORT DRUGGISTS, MANUFACTURING, PHARMACEUTICAL AND SCIENTIFIC CHEMISTS, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, SUNDRIESMEN, &c., &c.,

LONDON.

Their representative, Mr. Charles W. White, will arrive in Bombay about 6th November. All Indents and Communications for the Firm to be addressed to Mr. White, Esplanade Hotel.

ENTIRE IRON FRAMED PIANOS.

THE ONLY RELIABLE FOR INDIA.

See Illustrated Priced Catalogue.

SOUNDY AND COMPANY, MUSIC SALOONS, BOMBAY.

THE OVERLAND AND TRAVELLERS' KIT WAREHOUSE.

ASQUITH and LORD have just RECEIVED and opened their NEW STOCK for the Cold Season. Each Department of their well-known Home Markets, is at all inspection is politely invited. Patterns and Catalogues with simple instructions for Self-measurement forwarded to Mofussil Patrons on application.

8, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

THE only ESTABLISHMENT in India where you can procure all requisites suitable for the climate and home-travelling at European prices.

JUST RECEIVED a splendid assortment of Ready-made Dresses and Children's Boots and Shoes.

From this date fresh shipments will arrive for all departments by every mail.

Millinery Dress-making and Gentlemen's outfit made to order.

Compare prices, and you will then see that the BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR cannot be surpassed either in quality or prices.

☞ NOTE ADDRESS,

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,

ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD, NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG'S INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.

NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

Manufactured of Choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, personally selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high-class quality of which he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, and GUARANTEED quality, and Mr. Neuberg is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

BY DIRECT IMPORTATION.
MANILLA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,
"CAVITE BRANDS,"
Nos. 1, 2, & 3.
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
AND
BURMAHS
TOBACCOS.

Special attention is respectfully invited to this department. Mr. Neuberg's late visit to Virginia, New York, and Baltimore, the most celebrated Tobacco-marts in the World, having resulted in a selection of the choicest brands known.

THE LARGEST, FRESHEST, AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT IN ALL INDIA.

CIGARETTE FACTORY.

Fourteen BRANDS to select from. Mild, Medium, and Full-flavored.

MANUFACTURED DAILY.

General Price List on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LAST NIGHTS
LAST NIGHTS
OF
HERR BITTERSMANN'S
GRAND CONCERTS
AT
TEMPLE BAR.
ENTRANCE FREE TO
BILLIARD SALOONS,
BALCONY Re. 1,
BY REFRESHMENT TICKET.
EVERY EVENING AT 9.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

HAMILTON'S.—I have much pleasure in good tabitating that for comfort, cleanliness, and a HEWITT. I have not met its equal in Bombay. JNO.

FOR SALE, nearly new lady's SADDLE and BRIDLE. Rs. 60 and 20. Apply P. H. L., care of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co.

MALABAR HILL, Mr. BEST'S FURNISHED BUNGALOW TO LET for November-December. Rent moderate. P. Byramjee.

FRESH SALMON and VENISON, from Japan, in tins at 8 annas each. Pearse, 22, Apollo Street and 25, Rampart Row.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—There will be NO MEETING of the GENERAL COMMITTEE this evening.

GRANT ROAD.—TO LET, a desirable Upper-storeyed BUNGALOW, fully furnished, nice garden, &c. Apply C., care of "*Bombay Gazette.*"

JUST RECEIVED, a large CONSIGNMENT of SADDLERY and HARNESS of every description, and also Miscellaneous. LUDHA ERRAJEE & Co.

TO LET.—The ALTAMONT, on Cumballa Hill, whole or in portion. For particulars, apply to LADY MANOCKJEE JAMSETJEE, 1, Church Street, Fort.

WANTED, A Spinning Master used to Platt Brothers and Co's Mules; one who has some knowledge of Carding preferred. Apply to Greaves, Cotton & Co.

THE Little Wanzer sewing-machine is the best and cheapest sewing-machine known, and can only be had from John Roberts & Co. Particulars on application.

PHOSPHO is pronounced by eminent authorities to be a valuable Restorative in cases of nervous exhaustion: it invigorates both mind and body.

PHOSPHO, just received a large supply at the Bombay Depôt, Hanbury & Co., Churchgate Street. Sole proprietors, PHILLIPS & Co., Chemists, Poona.

LOST.—A SHARE CERTIFICATE, No. 168, of THE NATIONAL SPINNING and WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED, has been LOST. Whoever being in the Undersigned in the Bazar Gate Street will be REWARDED. GOCULDASS MUDHOLKAR.

MAHERAN.—CLARENDON HOUSE open. TERMS MODERATE. Visitors, Excellent accommodation. Rs. 150; BUND SIDE. TO LET, MENDON modated in each.

REV. H. C. WINT (late Scholar), St. Catharine's (formerly House Master at Elizabeth receive BOYS to prepare for district. Terms, £75 per annum. Staplehurst, Kent.

WANTED, by a LADY English maid (BOARD) and few months until her husband, an offi returns to India. Terms must be mod preferred. Communications (which confidential) should be addressed GROOM and Co.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CHATEAU LAFITE or MOUTON, Dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 34-8, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 36, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 38.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CHATEAU RAUZAN, After-dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 28-12, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 30-8; Credit, 1 doz. qts., Rs. 30, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 32.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CHATEAU PALMER, After-Dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 28-12, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 27-12; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 27, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 29.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CHATEAU LAROSE, Dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 23, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 25; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 24, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 26.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s ST. JULIEN, Dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 21, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 23; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 22, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 24.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CANTENAC, Dinner Wine, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 17-4, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 19-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 18, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 20.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s ST. ESTEPHE, a favourite, Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 15-12, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 17-12; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 16-8, 2 doz. pts.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 30, 1880.

OWING to the same cause that is forcing up the value of Government Paper here—cheap money—Consols in London continue to advance, the quotation yesterday being raised from 99¼ to 99⅝. French Rentes are unchanged at 120¾. In Enfaced Rupee Paper Fours remain unaltered at 80½, but Fives-and-a-half are ½ higher at 87½. Indian Exchange Bank Shares are quoted as follows:—Oriental £20-10, Chartered and Chartered Mercantile £22-10, Hongkong and Shanghai £30.

Linseed, Cocoanut Oil are unaltered. Cocoanut Oil to arrive, is 6d. per quarter. Cotton Flower for Calcutta Other Seeds and Wheat unchanged.

PIECE-GOODS in Manchester yesterday were quiet and Reuter quotes a decline of ⅛d. per piece in 7lbs Grey Shirtings and ¼d. per lb. in 40s. Mule Twist.

The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday was steady, sales 8,000 bales, and to-day comes unchanged, sales 5,000 bales. There has been no alteration in spot prices during the two days, but in London Messrs. F. Tinnevelly has advanced 1-16d. per lb. on New York ready Mid. Uplands remain at 11 1-16 cents and January shipment, which receded yesterday to 10·92, has recovered again to-day to 10·94 cents per lb.

We subjoin our usual weekly statement, showing the statistical position of the staple. The Liverpool stock has declined 8,000 bales during the week, but the total visible supply has increased by 180,000 bales. It is the American figures, however, which deserve most attention at the moment. The receipts for the past week are the largest ever known; and it shows how little the Indian supply has to say to the market, when we see the arrivals at the American shipping ports in one week amount to a fourth of an entire year's exports from Bombay. A six million crop seems now almost a certainty; and if so, there can be little doubt, we think, that the existing level of prices is too high.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1880	1879	1878
Week's Receipts	249,000	241,000	161,000
" Exports to U. K.	83,000	74,000	67,000
" " to Continent	48,000	50,000	49,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	1,381,000	1,219,600	1,004,000
" Exports to U. K.	485,000	432,000	392,000
" " to Continent	205,000	118,600	114,000
" Stock in the Ports	641,000	535,000	430,000
Saturday's Receipts	37,000	31,000	22,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe compares with the corresponding date of the two previous years as follows:—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Total supply of all kinds for all Europe	1,830,000	1,157,700	1,390,850
" Surats	269,000	310,930	266,900

For the U. K. only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	360,000	273,290	301,340
" London	80,000	55,180	31,300
American Afloat	270,000	215,000	184,000
E. Indian "	35,000	13,000	66,000
	705,000	556,470	582,640
Price of Mid.-Uplands	6¾d.	7¾d.	5 11-16d.
" Fair Dhollera	4⅜d.	5 3-16d.	4¾d.
Difference	1¾d.	2 3-16d.	1 7-16d.

BAR SILVER in London has receded from 51¼d. to 51 13-16d. per oz., at which it is equivalent to 1s. 7¾d. per rupee.

EXCHANGE here to-day has again been weak, and with the exception of demand Bank Bills generally rates are 1-32d. lower, while for distant delivery the Banks have reduced their selling figures 1-16th per rupee. For a mail day the business done has been considerable, but the talk of it has been in Bank paper, the general tendency, notwithstanding the decline which has taken place, being still more in favour of buying than selling. The position is, undoubtedly, weak, and a number of people are of opinion that we shall to[illegible] Bank Bills before the closing quotations

Bank Bills [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

not heard of anything having [illegible] for export. Prices are nominally unchanged, but not strong.

LINSEED continues in demand; ready at Rs. 7, and further purchases are reported at Rs. 6-9 for April-May delivery. Wheat is unaltered at Rs. 32 for Soft White.

FREIGHTS have been stronger to-day. The Branksome Hall and the Hispania, to arrive, both booked largely for Liverpool yesterday at 35s., but to-day 40s. has been paid for measurement by the former, and 42s. 6d. is now asked. For Trieste and Venice a large forward business has been done at 45s., payable here, March, April, May Shipment.

PIECE-GOODS are quiet, the dealers being fully occupied with their Dewali arrangements.

IN COALS a large business is doing at the reduced prices current.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	5 p. ct.	742
Bank of Bengal	12,000	500	all	8 do.	745
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	640
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	134
Chartd Bank L & C.	40,000	20	all	6 do.	278
Chartd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	281	all	8 do.	400
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5 do.	102xd
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	275

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct		310
Do. New £20 shares	£20	130-14-6	do	26	
Ditto	£20	65-7-3	do	72	
Ditto	£20	21-15-1	do	22	
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	£100	4,000	do	1,000	
Do. New £15 Shares	£18	196-5-15	do	265	

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,110
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 p. ct.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132 p. s.	1,115xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	37½	1,899
Bellary	625	1,000	1,000	20 p. s.	500
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	40	410
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	240	all	10	92
Calcha Press Co	400	1,500	1,500	50	775
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.	500	300	all	21	230
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	100	1,600
Fort Press Co	150	8,500	3,500	300 p. s.	2,500
French Press Co	300	500	all	45 p. s.	410
Sind Press Co	300	250	750	50	943
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p. s.	275
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	14	146
Prince of W. Press	170	750	750	72	1,200
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	100	1,200
Suasoon Press Co	300	500	500	25	1,000xd
Volkart's Press Co	150	1,000	all	50	530

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	1,000	90	900
Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700		725
Angel-Indian S. & W Company	30,000	100	100	5	93xd
Alfred Manufacturing Company	2,000	500	500	22½ p. s.	500
Alliance Spinning	600	2,500	all	100 p. s.	2,225
Bhowanagur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	175
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	30	943
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	725
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	25	900
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	35	409
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	all	25 p. s.	570
Gokuldas Bahoo Spinning Company	1,000	500	400	20	540
Hindustan Spinning	1,200	1,000	1,000	60 p. s.	1,075
Hyderabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000		750
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	6	675
Jehangeer Khoo	4,000	1,000	1,000	15 p. s.	990
Kalyan	7,500	1,000	1,000	30	980
Kamo Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	15	980
Kurla	300	1,250	1,250	75	965
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	80 p. s.	1,450
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	50	1,270
Mazagon Spinning Co.	2,000	500	500	35	475
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	40	1,220
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000		1,045
New Great Eastern	1,100	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	8,105
Oriental	1,000	625	625	25	622½
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500		270
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	40	850
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,025
Sonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	75	965
Victoria Mills	850	1,000	1,000	40	740
Western India S. & M. Company	978	1,000	500		1,060

BANK OF BE[illegible]

THE following is the state[illegible] Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the [illegible] October as compared with that fo[illegible]

LIABILITIES.			
Capital paid-up	[illegible]		
Reserve Fund	[illegible]		
Treasury Balance	[illegible]		
Other Deposits	[illegible]		
Bank Post Bills	[illegible]		
Sundries	[illegible]		

Gov[illegible]
Loa[illegible]
Cl[illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Cicero, 1,033 tons, Captain G. Heasley, sailed on Saturday last for Rangoon in ballast.

THE schooner Goolanar, 93 tons, Nacoda, will sail to-day for Damaun, with original cargo to be carried the same bottom.

THE steamer Henry Bolckow, 639 tons, Captain R. C. Dixon, sailed on Saturday last for Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and 140 deck passengers.

THE A. H. Lloyd Co.'s steamer Vorwaerts, 1,816 tons, Captain G. Marussig, sailed on Saturday last for China, with a general cargo, and Mr. Mahomed Ally and six deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Euphrates, 500 tons, Captain J. W. Livingston, arrived in harbour on the 30th ultimo, from Persian Gulf via Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Lieut. Stanley, Lieut. Hamilton, Col. Simpson, Surgeon Major Macbeth, Mr. H. Roberts, Assistant Surgeon A. M. Rogers, and 10 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
29	Branksome Hall[illegible]	Collins	Liverpool, Oct. 2.
30	Euphrates (s)	Livingston	Bussorah, Oct. 15.
	Compta (s)	Jeffrey	London, July 10.
31	Chilka (s)	Campbell	Moulmein, Oct. 18.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commander.	Destinations.
30	Calcutta (s)	Mackerness	K. C. & Kurrachee.
	Sir de Dni	Nacoda	Dni.
	Peshawur (s)	Rennoldson	Southampton.
	Vorwaerts (s)	Marussig	China.
	Henry Bolckow (s)	Dixon	Persian Gulf.
	Cicero (s)	Heasley	Rangoon.
31	H. M. S. Orontes	Kinaham	England.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday last:—

Steamer Manilla, Dodero, to Genoa.
Schooner Goolanar, Nacoda, to Damaun.

The steamer Branksome Hall, to Liverpool, was entered for loading on Saturday last.

CALCUTTA.

Oct.	ARRIVALS.		
26	Commilla (s)	[illegible]	Rangoon, Oct. 20.
	Oriental (s)	Brown	Singapore, Sept. 25.
28	City of Venice	Barrie	Liverpool, July 2.
	Vice Reine	Mosher	Liverpool, July 13.
	Lady Lawrence	Roberts	Liverp[illegible]

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 26.—Barque Forca de Lay Roquair for [illegible]. Schooner Scottish Chief.

Oct. 27.—Steamers Gwalior, Africa and Curlew. Ships Brenda and City of Corinth.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Venice.—Major Woodcock, Mrs. Woodcock and Master R. Woodcock; Mr. and Mrs J. Sherman, Mrs. and Miss Brown, Miss L. Brown, Miss Barker, Miss Miller, Miss Conlon, Mr. R. S. Bise, Miss Morse, Miss Birch, Master E. Bise, Mrs. H. Watson, Master A. Bise, Miss Bise, Dold and Mr. Nicolls. Mr. C. Shold, Mr. J. C.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Oct.		
29	Meinam (s)	Galle.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.		
27	Asia (s)	Rangoon.
	Chyo Kiangsu (s)	Calcutta.
28	Kinshan (s)	Bombay.
	Menora (s)	London.
29	Meinam (s)	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 30.

FROM LONDON.

Cicero (s)—2 cases toys, 2 cases cutlery, 1 case cotton cords thread, 2 cases hardware and 2 cases stationery, Esmail A. Raymon; 7 cases glassware, Hajee Essac Sah and Son.

Ancona (s)—311 packages stout and pale ale, Treacher and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Vorwaerts (s)—27 cases papers, Ritchie Stuarts and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Manilla (s)—39 cases brandy, Metha and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 30.

FOR LONDON.

Peshawur (s)—20 boxes silver coins (Rs. 1,23,200), The C. M. Bank.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bangalore (s)—15 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Orilla (s)—16 bales skins, Jan Mahamed Megjee: 1,000 poppy seed, Ralli Brothers.

FROM GENOA.

[illegible] bales cotton, E. Spinner and C[illegible]

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

[illegible] box silver coins, Rs. 4,000, Joshua Elias.

FOR HONGKONG.

[illegible] Cowasjee Oomer and Co.

[illegible]AL OBSERVATIONS.

[illegible]NT OBSERVATORY.

[illegible]AY, 29th October, 1880.

[illegible]ations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

[illegible]ted 32 deg. Fah. 29·924
[illegible]e Air 81·5
[illegible]meter 76·7
[illegible] 74·9
[illegible] 89·0
whole sky clouded—8·0 3·0
air (read at 6 p.m.) 85·6
read at 10 a.m.) 77·0
N. NE. ENE. E. NW.
NW. NW. NNW. N.
185
0·00
1·16

Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 30th Oct.—0·00
From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 29.

Woodthorpe, Major, R. E., on duty, from Mussoorie.
Echalaz, Capt., 21st Bombay N. I., from leave, from England.
Walter, Major, 8th Bengal Cavy., from leave, from England.
Fenton, Lieut., S. C., from leave, from England.

OCTOBER 30.

Coll, Capt., R. E[illegible] on leave.
Stanley, Lieut., 2-11th Foot, on sick leave, from Afghanistan.
Hamilton, Lieut., Staff, on duty, from Kandahar.
Simpson, Lieut.-Col., 98th Highlanders, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Macbeth, Surg.-Major, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Paton, Major, 2-24th Regt., on leave from Secundrabad.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 30.

Chapman, Lieut.-Col., Asst. Qrmr.-Genl., on leave, to England.
Wemyss, Col., 31st Punjaub Infantry, on leave, to England.
Roberts, Major-Genl., R. A., on leave, to England.
Pretyman, Major, R. A., on leave, to England.
Hills, Major Genl., R. A., on leave, to England.
Battye, Capt., Corps of Guide, on leave, to England.
Cooke-Collis, Lieut., Corps of Guide, on leave, to England.
Rowband, Lieut.-Col., Comst. Dept., on leave, to England.
Gough, Col., 12th Bengal Cavalry, on leave, to England.
Kennedy, Major, Dy. Asst. Qrmr.-Genl., on leave, to England.
Thompson, Lieut.-Col., 3rd Madras Cavy., on leave, to England.
Macpherson, Bgdr.-Genl., S. C., on leave, to England.
Childers, Lieut., R. E., on leave, to England.
Barrow, Col., S. C., on retirement, to England.
Call, Capt., R. E., on leave, to England.
Fitz Hugh, Lieut.-Col., S. C., on leave, to England.
Hill, Lieut., 62nd Foot, on duty, to Aden.
Wyllie, Capt., Asst. Agent Govr.-Genl., on leave, to England.
Nicolson, Major, 1st Beloch Regt., on leave, to England.
Aitken, Lieut., 1st Bengal Cavy., to rejoin, to Bolaram.
Thatcher, Col., 11th Bombay N. I., to rejoin, to Poona.
Thatcher, Lieut., 20th Bombay N. I., to rejoin, to Baroda.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Calcutta Gazette*, Oct. 27.)

Lieut. R. C. A. B. Wewicke, Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of H. H. the Lieut.-Govr. of Bengal, having been posted on promotion to the First Battn. 60th Rifles, in England, his services are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the Mily Dept., with effect from the 1st proximo.

Mr. A. W. Garrett, Inspr. of Schools, Presidency Circle, is re-appointed temporarily to the Second Class of the Bengal Educational Service, with effect from the date on which he returned from furlough, vice Mr. E. Rope Lethbridge, M. A., C. I. E.

Mr. S. F. Downing, Principal, Govt. Engrg. College, Howrah, is allowed furlough for one year and nine months, with effect from the 9th Feb. next.

Mr. W. T. Webb, M.A., Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, is appointed to act as Principal of the Calcutta Madrissa, in addition to his other duties, during the absence, on leave of Mr. A. E. Gough, until further orders.

The following officers are appointed to act, until further orders, on the classes of the Bengal Educational Service mentioned opposite their names:—

Mr. A. Pedler, Professor, Presidency College, in the Second Class; Mr. G. A. Stack, Offg. Inspr. of Schools, Rajshahye Circle, in the third class; and Mr. W. Buth, B. A., Professor, Presidency College, in the third class.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

BY LIEUT.-COLONEL COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 31st October, 1880.

1. The Regiment will fall in at 4-45 this evening at the Town Hall for a march out. This day being a public holiday, and also this being the first Commanding Officer's parade for the season, the Commandant hopes that every member of the corps will do his utmost to attend.

2. White uniform with helmets, arms, and accoutrements to be worn.

By Order,
F. STOKES, Capt. and Adjt.,
B. V. R. Corps.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, HEAD-QUARTERS,
Poona, 29th October, 1880.

The C in-C is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Major W. French, S. C. (Wing Officer and Offg. Wing Comdr. 11th, N. I.), to officiate as Instr. in arms signalling and telegraphy, as a temporary measure, vice Captain Hume, appointed Bgde.-Major and Instr., Railway Volunteer Corps.

Lieut. H. C. C. D. Simpson, M. Batty., 6th Bgde., is appointed 1st Subaltern No. 1 Mountain Battery, vice Lieut. R. H. S. Calder, R. A., 3rd Subaltern same Batty.

Lieut. W. Carleton, Army Medl. Dept., having completed service in Bengal Presidency on the 27th inst., is appointed to the Presidency Circle.

Lieut. Hamilton, Army Medl. Dept., is transferred to Poona Division, Presidency Circle, to Poona Division, vice Lieut. [illegible] proceeded under clause VI., Para. 130, Regulations Part II.

Lieut. [illegible] Army Medl. Dept. is transferred from Mhow to Presidency Circle to proceed to Aden, travelling by land and sea at the public expense, under Transport Regulations Part II. (Para. 150) and Part I (Para. 188.)

The Asst. Adjt.-Genl. for Musketry is permitted to proceed on his annual tour of inspection.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Lieut. A. H. W. Hervey, 1st Battn. Rifle Bgde., will proceed to England during the trooping season, for duty at the Bgde. Depot, Transport Regulations Part I., Para. 189, clause VI.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Lieut. L. G. Russell, 1st Battn Rifle Bgde., is directed to proceed to England to join the 2nd Battn., into which he has recently been promoted (Para. 189, Transport Regulations Part I.)

Under instructions from India Head-quarters, it is intimated that Lieut. H. N. Bunbury, 1 Battg. 1st Bgde. R. A., is to be struck off the strength of the R. A. in this command.

This Officer is directed to proceed to England on the public expense, and will, on arrival, report himself to the Depy. Adjt.-Genl. R.A., Horse Guards.

The undermentioned officer is directed to proceed to England on the public expense, and will, on arrival, report himself to the Depy. Adjt.-Genl. R.A., Horse Guards.

The undermentioned officer is directed to proceed to [illegible] of the 1st Battn. Rifle Bgde., calling for the ensuing Regtl. Asst. Instr. in army signalling for the year.

[illegible] returned to duty by the undermentioned officer from the 2nd Division, Southern Afghanistan Cavy. Field Force) Order, dated 18th Sept., 1880, making the following appointments, with effect from the 9th idem, the date on which the Bgde. was detached from Abdul Rahman:—

Major M. James, 2nd Sind Horse, to be Provost Marshal.

Sergt. J. H. Dodgson, 15th Hussars, to be Provost Gunner F. Perrati, D. B., R. H. A.; Corpl. T. B. Walker, 15th Hussars; Lance Naik Shaik Hussun Ali, 2nd Sind Horse, to be Asst. Provost.

From 10th Sept., 1880.—Havildar Abdul Rhymon, 2nd Mad. Lt. Cavy., to be Asst. Provost.

The above appointments to cease on the Bgde. rejoining the Head-quarters of the Divn.

Khojuck Pass Field Detachment Order.—Dated 2nd Sept., 1880, appointing Lieut. A. A. Pearson, Adjt., 24th N. I., to be Staff Officer to the Force, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 1st idem, vice Lieut. Proudfoot, 9th N. I., proceeding with his Regt., to the front.

Kandahar Field Force Order.—Dated 10th Sept., 1880, appointing Lance Corpl. Patrick Kegan, 60th Foot, to be Provost Sergt.'s Asst., vice Bombdr. J. Dovey, C. 2nd R. A., proceeding with his Batty. to Maiwand.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Poona Divn. Order.—Dated 22nd Oct., 1880, directing Lieut. G. F. N. Tinley, Offg. Sqdn. Officer 1st Bombay Lancers, (Comdg. Depot 2nd Cavy.) to proceed to Satara, to assume command of the Depot Poona Horse, vice Lieut. Young, proceeding to England on medical certificate.

27th Regt. N. I.—Regtl. Order, dated 9th Oct., 1880, appointing Captain J. Grant, Wing Officer on return from furlough, to officiate as Wing Comdr., vice Lieut. T. H. Mackenzie, relieved.

8th Regt. N. I.—Regtl. Order, dated 9th Oct., 1880, appointing Capt. F. Leckie, Wing Officer on rejoining from Staff employ, to officiate as Wing Comdr. in addition to his other duties, vice Lieut. Beckham, relieved.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

7th Foot (2nd Battn.)—2nd Lieut. W. L. Forbes, from 25th Oct., 1880, to date of embarkation for England in extension, on medical certificate.

13th Regt. N. I.—Major M. D. V. T. Grant, to Kurrachee, for 30 days, from date of departure from Quetta on medical certificate for the purpose of appearing before a medical board.

On the recommendation of a medical board the undermentioned officer is granted leave to England for six months from date of embarkation:—

11th Foot (2nd Battn.) Capt. D. T. Kinder.

On the recommendation of a medical board the undermentioned officer is granted leave to [illegible] days from date of availing himself of the [illegible] and thence to England from date of embarkation, for the period specified opposite his name:—

15th Foot (2nd Battn.)—2nd Lieut. C. H. W. Maunsell, 12 months.

Messrs. C. MARCKS & COMPANY,
OF
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MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co., for the convenience of clients who may not wish to purchase Mr. MENIST'S GLASSES, have also in stock some of their own manufacture, at lower prices, in Gold, Silver, and Steel frames, and though the quality of the pebbles is admittedly not equal to those of Mr. Menist, yet it is very good, and much superior to most of what is sold as the "finest Brazilian Pebbles."

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GENTLEMEN are earnestly requested to PAY the amount of their SUBSCRIPTIONS into the BANK OF BOMBAY at their earliest convenience.

T. S. WEIR,
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE,
Honorary Secretaries.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

WALSH—October 31st, at Dhobie Talao Police Station, the wife of John Walsh, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

COCKELL—October 29th, at Rawul Pindi, the wife of Mr. William E. Cockell, Superintendent of Post Offices, Punjab Circle, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BROWN—FINCH—October 20th, at Madras, William Henry Brown, of the Waterfall Estate, Anamallies, to Miss Fitz Thomas Finch, daughter of Wm. Finch, of Hertford, England.

OLIVER—GORE BIGGIE—October 11th, at Dalhousie, Mr. J. E. Oliver, Postal Department, to Kate, Gore-Biggie, niece of Apothecary W. Biggie, Bengal Medical Department.

DEATH.

WILKINSON—October 20th, at Delhi, John William Wilkinson, Pensioned Steward, Medical Department, aged 58.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bhaur Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
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ALL MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1880.

THE people of the Baroda State have reason to congratulate themselves on the events which resulted in their being delivered out of the hands of Mulharao and made over to the present administration. In spite of two highly unfavourable years, when there was much distress in Baroda, as in other parts of the Bombay Presidency, on account of scarcity of food-grains, the State machinery in all departments has been maintained in efficiency, and various salutary improvements have been carried out. We have before us the Administration Report of the State for the year 1878-79. It has been issued rather late in the day, owing to the ceremonies attending the marriage of the young Gaekwar and Tarabai having occupied the attention of the Minister during the period usually devoted to its preparation, and owing partly also, to a severe fever which prostrated a large number of officers of the several establishments for two months of last year; but there is no other fault to be found with it. The year 1878-79 followed a year of great scarcity, and its own seasons were unfavourable. The famine of 1877 was caused by failure of the rain-supply; in 1878 there was rain enough—in fact, double the ordinary fall was registered, but it came all at once and at an inopportune time, so that almost as much injury was caused to the crops as had resulted previously from drought. The kharif crops, with the exception of rice, suffered enormously, and bajri and jowari form the staple food of the Baroda population. The result was that prices continued about twice as high as in an ordinary year. There was much distress consequently, chiefly amongst the non-agricultural classes, which in the Amreli Mahals (Kattiawar) amounted to a real famine. Relief operations were adopted on the system followed in the Bombay Presidency—kitchens being opened for gratuitous distribution of food to those unfit for labour, and relief works started, such as roads and tank excavations, for the able-bodied. In Baroda city also, where large crowds of "most miserable people" collected, a relief kitchen was opened, which, the Resident testifies from his own observation, was well administered. The total cost of famine relief operations to the State during the year was Rs. 99,000 in Baroda currency. In addition, there were nearly two lakhs of the land revenue demand of ninety-six lakhs, in round numbers, remitted on account of the badness of the season, and of the remaining 94 lakhs only 82¾ lakhs were collected, leaving an outstanding balance of Rs. 11,64,175 to add to the uncollected amount of Rs. 11,32,975 of the preceding year, making a total for the two years of scarcity of about twenty-three lakhs. But as an offset to this falling off in the collections for the year under review, nine lakhs of arrears of land revenue from previous years were realised.

In every department of the State—in Public Works (including extension of railways), in Municipal matters, in Education, and in the organization for prevention and punishment of crime—an appreciable advance has been made. Expenditure during the year under the head of Public Works amounted to Rs. 12,62,000, which raises the total amount laid out under this head since the introduction of the present administration to Rs. 37,73,639, divided as follows:—Military buildings, Rs. 1,76,760; Communications (the chief item being [illegible] and Telegraph lines), Rs. 16,09,768; hospitals, Rs. 16,09,768; and Miscellaneous, Rs. 3,16,336. The most important works, completed or under construction, are the central jail at Baroda, four district jails, two district hospitals, the Jumna Bai dispensary at Baroda, the new palace, the new high school or college, court houses and schools in various parts of the territory, and the railway extensions. We note that the scheme submitted by Mr. Crosthwait, C. E., for supplying the city with water, has been abandoned. The Resident states that "the scheme was most carefully and elaborately prepared, but there were so many elements of doubt as to its sufficiency that it has been shelved, and it is doubtful whether anything will ever come of it. The fact is that the city of Baroda and the surrounding country are so level that it is very difficult to get a sufficient pressure for distribution." With reference to the conduct of the Public Works generally, Mr. Melvill remarks:—"The commendation given by the Minister to Mr. G. K. Hill, the State Engineer, is well-bestowed. The character of the work done under Mr. Hill's supervision is decidedly good." The Gaekwar's State Railway was extended during the year from Dabhoi to Chaunode, which increased the length of the lines open to 31¼ miles. A further extension from Dabhoi to Bahadurpur, 9¾ miles, was nearly completed, and a survey was made for a line from Dabhoi direct to Baroda, a distance of about 18¼ miles. The net profit on the working of the open lines was Rs. 19,299, Baroda currency (equal to 16,869 British rupees), which is by far the largest return yet received, representing a percentage of 3·83 on the capital outlay; and the Resident points out that "there is some doubt whether the Minister has not unduly raised the figures showing the capital, and thus depressed the percentage of profits." The increased profit was not due to increased earnings, as the gross earnings were somewhat less than in the previous year, but to a decrease in expenditure. The B. B. and C. I. Company had the working of the Gaekwar's State lines, and we are told "that company deserves ample acknowledgment for the highly satisfactory and businesslike way in which it has both managed the open lines and carried on the execution of the extensions during the year." The expenditure on Municipal matters was Rs. 2,31,334, of which Rs. 1,79,334 were expended on Baroda city, and the remaining Rs. 52,000 divided amongst fifteen towns in other parts of the State. The city is described as "well kept; it is fairly lighted at night, the main roads are always plentifully watered"—which is more than can be said of Bombay, with all its elaborate municipal machinery—"and the conservancy arrangements are in course of being made fairly sufficient. There are numerous fire-engine stations at various parts of the city, and the engines are in working order." On education during the year under review Rs. 1,15,869 were expended, exclusive of the cost of buildings; and including buildings, the amount was Rs. 1,87,894. These figures show an increase of Rs. 69,345 over the cost of this branch of the administration in the preceding year, which is attributed to the opening of five new Anglo-vernacular schools, and the building of the new high school. State education is extended to all castes, but is chiefly taken advantage of by the Brahmin population, which owns 30 per cent. of the pupils, while 21½ per cent. belong to the Banias, 16½ per cent. to the Kunbis, 8 per cent. to the Mahrathas, and 24 per cent to other castes and creeds. The Resident notes it as a favourable sign that "seventy-five children of the sirdars, darakdars, and others attached to the Court attended the vernacular schools for the first time." The machinery for administering civil and criminal justice, we are informed, is now fairly complete throughout the State, and it works exceedingly well. The cost of all the courts was Rs. 4,08,000, and the receipts from stamps, fees, and fines were Rs. 2,93,000. On the criminal side we notice that "the general character of crime is light;" and it is certainly remarkable that "in the large city of Baroda, containing 1,12,000 inhabitants, there should have been no case of single mistake is allowed to annul the claims to murder or culpable homicide throughout the consideration founded on thirty-five years' work year." King Theebaw should make a note of in the public service. That he did good and this, and compare the state of things at Mandauseful work during that time the short *résumé* lay, where, if the royal example be followed by of his official career which we publish in the people, murders must be somewhat plentiful. another column will suffice to show.

The chief contribution to the criminals of the year came from the Karri division of the State, where serious offences against the person were of frequent occurrence. In this neighbourhood it appears to be a favourite pastime to play the highwayman, or, as the Resident puts it, "dacoity by mounted robbers." One serious case of dacoity with murder led to the exec

TELEGRAMS.

REPORT OF ABDUL RAHMAN'S DEATH UNFOUNDED.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCE AT KABUL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, OCT. 31.

The Lahore papers announces that the Government have received information that Abdul Rahman has not been murdered, but a serious disturbance has, it is believed, occurred at Kabul. No particulars are given.

ADMIRAL GORE JONES AT RANGOON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, OCT. 31.

The Euryalus, with Admiral Gore-Jones, left on Saturday for Trincomalee.

A ball given by the bachelors to the Admiral and officers of the Royal Navy in port came off on Friday night at the Assembly Rooms, and was numerously attended.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, OCT. 31.

Mr. Charles Dickenson Field has been appointed Puisne Judge of the High Court, Calcutta.

LORD NORTHBROOK ON INDIAN ADMINISTRATION.

An address was delivered yesterday by Lord Northbrook at the Birmingham Institute upon the subject of Indian administration, when he praised warmly the loyalty and enlightenment of many Native Princes, and eulogised the bravery of the troops. His Lordship also said that the dealings of the Indian Government with the Native Princes must be guided by treaty stipulations, and that we should show sympathy with the nobles and educated classes, associating them, as far as possible, in the administration of India. He said that he reserved native [illegible] and soldiers, and rule the people with patience, introducing changes cautiously. Further, we should govern India for the benefit of the natives, and above all, secure the maintenance of peace.

THE SOCIALIST DEMOCRATS.

BERLIN, OCT. 30.

The Prussian Government has placed Hamburg in a minor state of siege in consequence of the action of the socialist democrats.

THE MONTENEGRIN QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 30.

Dervis Pasha has been instructed by the Porte to arrest and deport all Albanians showing any obstinacy to his orders.

Negotiations with the Porte have not been resumed.

FIGHTING WITH THE BASUTOS.

CAPE TOWN, OCT. 29.

The Colonial troops have captured Lorathodi's stronghold. There is continued fighting in Basutoland. The Pondomese and Transkei have risen and murdered two magistrates.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, OCT. 29.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	55,000	bales.
Amount forwarded	4,000	,,
Week's Sales of Surats	8,000	,,
,, ,, Imitation Surats	1,000	,,
Stock of Cotton	340,000	,,
,, ,, Surats	80,000	,,
,, ,, Cotton to London	10,000	,,

LONDON, OCT. 29.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

Fair Dhollera	4¾d.
The Bombay Cotton market has been steady.	
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5-11¾
8¼ lbs. do.	7-4¾
40's Mule Twist	8-10½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80¼
4½ do. do.	87¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	100
5 do. French Rente, 1872	120¾
Bar Silver	51 13-16
Oriental Bank shares	£20-10
Chartered ,,	£22-10
Chartered Mercantile Bank Shares	£22-10
Hongkong and Shanghai ,,	£20

H. E. THE GOVERNOR and staff, accompanied by the Hon'ble Lionel Ashburner, left Bombay for Mahableshwar last evening by the steamer May Frere.

GENERAL PRIMROSE, accompanied by Lieutenant Hamilton, A.D.C., arrived in Bombay by a steamer day before yesterday. The General is in good health, but he seems somewhat worn in appearance, a fact due, perhaps, to the anxieties of the last few months. General Primrose, Mrs. Primrose, and the Misses Primrose will leave for England by the P. & O. Company's steamer Bangalore next Saturday.

A RAILWAY-EXTENSION from Sibi to Pir Chowkie has been open for several days, and has proved a great convenience for the conveyance of troops returning to India. Troop-trains have been running daily.

THE Lahore paper hears that Major-General [illegible] have raised some objections to receive supreme [illegible] ary command in Southern Afghanistan, unless [illegible] al power in Kandahar was also granted to

Civil and Military Gazette says it is viewed as a significant fact that Sir Robert Sandeman has accompanied Mr. Lyall to Kandahar, which is beyond the limits of his present jurisdiction.

AN up-country paper hears from Mussoorie that Government have resolved upon removing the ex-Amir Yakoob Khan from Deyra to Lahore, which latter city will in future be the Afghan Prince's headquarters. This course, it is reported, has been adopted because Government object to keeping Yakoob Khan and his uncle, Sirdar Mahomed Shureef Khan, in the same station.

THE *Pioneer* says:—To the surprise of some military men, General C. Johnson has been gazetted Quartermaster-General in India. Before long, probably, he will make way for Colonel Macgregor. Colonel Lockhart will most likely take Colonel Little's place at Headquarters.

LIEUTENANT J. M. BREBNER, late I. N., Acting Master Attendant, Kurrachee, has been appointed a member of the Kurrachee Harbour Board during the absence of Lieutenant G. C. Parker, late I. N., on furlough, or until further orders. Lieutenant Brebner has already succeeded in raising a volunteer company at Manora and Keamaree, as an auxiliary to the Sind Volunteer Corps.

THE chairmanship of a newly-formed board of visitors for Cooper's Hill Engineering College has been accepted by Sir Richard Temple. Colonel Chesney, R. E., the late president of the college, comes out to take up the post of Military Secretary to the Government of India by the mail of November 12th.

AFFAIRS in Theebaw's dominions are, as might be expected, in a bad way. A Mandalay correspondent writes:—Dacoities are going on all around in the districts, and damage and hurt done. Two culprits were caught and crucified the other day for having daring robbery and murder; also for threatening the life of the king, who was saved a thief and murderer himself by one of the dacoits.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from Mandalay to a Calcutta paper on the 6th ultimo, states:—Owing to the unsatisfactory footing on which the Burmese agent is existing at Calcutta, and as there does not appear to be any sign of improvement, the Court have decided on recalling the agent, with his staff, until an agreement is concluded. The agent himself has applied to be relieved, and as he has been doing duty for two years, there can be no harm in allowing the agency to cease for a while.

THE directors of the Bank of Bengal, at their meeting on Thursday, reduced the rates of interest and discount one per cent. all round.

MR. A. F. D. CUNNINGHAM, lately on political duty in Kabul, has rejoined his substantive appointment as Under-Secretary to the Punjab Government.

IT is stated that Lieutenant Guy Campbell, 60th Rifles, A.-D.-C. to Lieutenant-General Hughes, C.B., commanding the Sirhind division, and formerly to General Sir Sam Browne, shortly takes up the appointment of Aide-de-Camp to Sir Ashley Eden. He will be succeeded by Lieutenant Hughes, of the Guides.

THE following is a more complete list of the movements of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief than has yet been published:—His Excellency will leave Simla for Meean Mer on the 4th November, leaving for Moultan on the 17th, thence return on the 18th, halting seven days at Umballa, two at Meerut, four at Delhi, two at Agra, one at Muttra, and, according to present arrangements, reaching Calcutta on the morning of the 7th December.

THE Captain of F Company, B. V. R. (Captain T. S. Weir), is determined to make an effort to bring his company to the front, in proof of which we give the following notice just issued to members of that company:—"The undermentioned prizes will be given to those members who attend the greatest number of drills during the ensuing season, and gain the extra efficient capitation grant. The number of points to be made in musketry-practice is 100 instead of 80 to obtain the Government capitation grant. Drills with the company only will count; those attended in any other company will not be included:—1st prize, Rs. 25; 2nd prize, Rs. 20; 3rd prize, Rs. 15; 4th prize, Rs. 12; 5th prize, Rs. 10½; 6th prize, Rs. 8; 7th prize, Rs. 7; and 8th prize, Rs. 5.

THE introduction into India of zoedone—sometimes called "the new champagne"—has suggested to local manufacturers to add to their ordinary stock of aerated waters a beverage with the properties claimed for the popular English drink, *viz.*:—a nerve-tonic and non-alcoholic stimulant. The result is "Phospho," manufactured by Messrs. Phillips and Co., chemists, Poona, and "Ozo," by Messrs. Treacher and Co., Bombay. Both are pleasant drinks, "Ozo" being, perhaps, the most palateable of the two.

C-2 ROYAL ARTILLERY and the 3rd Sind Horse left Kandahar on the 18th ultimo for India; 5-11 Royal Artillery, escorted by the 30th Regiment N. I., marched for India on the 15th. The following officers also accompanied this detachment:—Major Adam, Assistant Quartermaster-General; Major Burnett, Assistant Adjutant-General; Major Iredell, 30th Bombay N. I.; Surgeon Major Morton, 2nd Beluchis; and Lieut. Wood, 14th Foot (Transport). The guns captured from Ayoub are being brought down by 5-11 R. A.

ACCOUNTS from the Murri country give a deplorable picture of the results of the precipitate abandonment of the railway works and property there. The engines, says the Lahore paper, have been left mere wrecks by the Marris, and all railway property has been carried away or destroyed. Skeletons, letters, and photographs were found strewn on the ground. So far General MacGregor's force has met with no opposition, which is hardly surprising, considering that the Marris do not number in all more than 2,500 fighting men; of these most arearmed in the most primitive fashion, and only few possess good rifles. Numbers of camp-fires are seen at night, but in the day nothing can be found beyond the traces of large bodies of men, evidently moving off.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* says:—The friendship between the British soldier and his native brother-in-arms has never been so strongly shown as in the case of the [illegible] and the 72nd Highlanders. Throughout the late march, and before it, the most cordial relations have existed between the two regiments, and the Ghurkhas have nicknamed themselves the 2nd Battalion of the 72nd Highlanders. When, the other day,—so the story reaches us,—the time came to say good-bye, and the Ghurkhas realized that in all human probability they would not again see their old friends, the Highlanders, with whom they had marched, and alongside whom they had fought, so long and nobly, they wished to mark their friendship, and their adieu, by some grand entertainment. This, however, was an impossibility in Kandahar, where single bottles of beer had sold for Rs. 16 each; so the idea of a dinner had to be given up, and the Ghurkhas, so we hear, have each given half a month's pay, to purchase a silver challenge-shield, and presented it to the 72nd Highlanders to be shot for yearly by the men of the latter regiment. It will bear an inscription setting forth that it was given by the men of the 5th Ghurkhas to the men of the 72nd Highlanders, as a token of the friendship that existed between the two regiments in the Afghan war.

A MEETING, consisting of nearly five thousand natives of various denominations was held at Kasur (Punjab) on the evening of the 12th ultimo for the commemoration of General Roberts's victory over Ayoub Khan at Mazra, when the Deputy Commissioners of Lahore and Ferozepore were present. Deputy Quader Bakhsh, in an opening speech, referred to the loyalty of the Kasur population, and presented an address to the chairman, Mr. Stogdon. Fireworks were let off, &c. A sum of Rs. 2,000 was collected as a donation to the Patriotic Fund.

MEASURES for the management of native religious endowments are, it is stated, shortly to be introduced in the Legislature Councils of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, owing to the fraud and peculation which have lately been discovered in the management of some of them. As the Raja of Purtiala, the unrecognised noblemen, still languishing in prison, a special Act will be passed in the Viceregal Council for the management of the Jagannath Temple at Puri.

SAYS the *Indian Daily News*:—Neither "Ali Baba" nor "Veritas Sap" has reported a recent conversation at Simla. It appears that a high official, who is declared by an up-country paper to have a profound acquaintance with politico-economic secrets, or science, or sophistry, remarked to an Exalted Personage that it was somewhat strange that he should have been superseded by Mr. Hope, seeing that he had neither resigned his appointment nor applied for leave. The reply was, according to the traditional little bird, "But it was understood you were to go, and the appointment has been made." The Government of India is not disposed to be [illegible] made, and it is understood you are going. You are going in March next, are you not?" A meek "Yes" is said to have concluded the interview, and we suppose the official concerned will go in March. We do not, of course, pretend to give with preciseness any conversation. And we only give the above as a proof that there are several little birds of the Marvin species hovering about the Olympians at Simla.

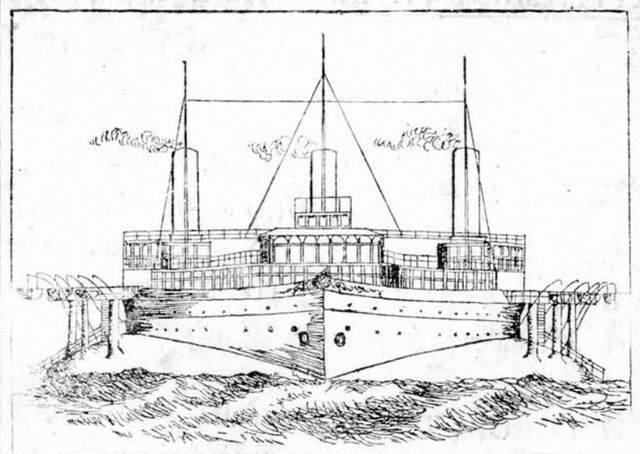
MADRAS society is naturally on the *qui vive* regarding the approaching gubernatorial changes. The *Mail* says it is now understood that as the change in Mr. Adam's plans has rendered it impossible for the Duke of Buckingham to carry out his intention of spending the forthcoming Christmas at Stowe, his Grace will go home leisurely by the Continent, and will probably not arrive at his seat until the early spring. He was to leave Ootacamund on Monday morning for a trip to Neddiwattum. His Grace was to proceed to Cochin and Travancore on the 30th October, and expects to arrive in Madras by the 15th November. Major Hobart, at present Military Secretary to the Governor, will be temporarily attached as "coach" to Mr. Adam's raw staff. Dr. Mackenzie, Medical Officer to his Grace, will most probably accompany the Duke and family to England.

THE *Indian Daily News*, whose military criticisms are far more valuable than the absurdities which appear in the *Pioneer*, notes "that the tide, which was running so high and so strongly against the Bombay troops, has turned. It is now admitted that the Bombay infantry fought well at Maiwand, and that they only gave way after a struggle, which reflects anything but discredit upon them as fighting men. The fact is, the unwise glorification of Bengal soldiers has been overdone, and opinion is slowly swinging round to the point that it would not be safe or justifiable to trust too much to one native army. The latest Indian delusion is that the men of Northern India are braver than the men of Southern India, and make better soldiers; but if the Government would publish the sick returns of the Bengal, Bombay, and Madras troops, it would then be seen which soldiers make the best campaigners. As for steadiness under fire, there can be no doubt that the Madras troops, as well as the Bombay men, have shown well whenever a chance has come in their way."

SAYS the *Indian Mirror*:—It is generally rumoured that our distinguished countryman, Mr. W. C. Bonnerji, barrister-at-law, has been offered, and has accepted, the vacant appointment of Standing Counsel to Government. If the report be true, it is the first time that the office is to be filled by a native gentleman. It will thus happen that the two highest offices in the Law Department of the Crown, below the rank of the judges of the High Court, will be held by two gentlemen born in India—Mr. Paul, the Advocate-General, being of Armenian extraction, and Mr. Bonnerji himself having been born in Calcutta. The *Mirror* adds:—We heartily congratulate both the Government on this singularly happy and Mr. Bonnerji himself on this singularly happy appointment. It is an omen of good augury that the Government have begun conferring the few offices not reserved to the Civil Service on native gentlemen of high abilities and character.

MAGISTERIAL mistakes are made sometimes in London, as [illegible] in Bombay. *Truth* narrates how "two girls, aged about 17, were charged at the Old Bailey, the one with forging a receipt, and the other with uttering it, knowing it to have been forged. The one pleaded guilty, but the other, Helena Bray, pleaded not guilty. The counsel for the prosecution then stated that from the depositions he could not see that there was any case against Bray—an opinion which Mr. Commissioner Kerr fully endorsed. Now, this poor girl had been in Newgate since September 7, besides having been remanded on some two or three occasions at the Clerkenwell Police court. It does, indeed, seem incomprehensible how the magistrate could have committed her, when we see that both the counsel for the prosecution and the judge arrive at the conclusion that there is not a tittle of evidence against her. Our contemporary does not tell us if the magistrate was removed from the bench.

REGARDING the incursions of the Kurds into Persia, the *St. James's Gazette* says:—Intelligence received in Teheran states that three weeks ago a son of the Sheik Abdullah, a Turkish Kurd, accompanied by several thousand horsemen, crossed the frontier into Persia and joined Hamzeh Agha, a Persian Kurd. The latter, after assuming the chief command of the combined forces, plundered the Lahidjan district, capturing two guns. During his inroad he passed near Soutch Bulak, the Governor of which place, accompanied by 300 men, fled at his approach. The Kurds have taken Fort Suldooz, and are now in the Maragha district, fifty miles from Tauris, where great alarm prevails, the country being without any means of defence. The Kurds are reported to number 15,000 men, and to be mostly armed with Martini-Henry rifles. A Persian general left Teheran on Wednesday for Tauris to collect troops.



THE CZAR'S NEW YACHT LIVADIA.

[From the (London) *Times*.]

THE GLASGOW OF TO-DAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GLASGOW, OCT. 7.

GLASGOW has lately been coming into prominence. It was but the other day that the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia raised a laugh by gravely declaiming the city "the centre of the intelligence of England," a conclusion which may have been to some extent due to the fact that his Imperial father's yacht was then being built on the Clyde. More lately Mr. Simonin, in *La Nouvelle Revue*, has been lauding the industry and enterprise of the citizens the while he condemned their rough voices and rude ways. His ideal of a city would evidently be attained if he could imbue Parisians with Scotch business smartness, and even then he would, perhaps, prefer that they should transform the Loire instead of the Seine. The fact that within the past few months there have been more foreigners in the city than, perhaps, ever before has also pushed it into the world's notice, with the effect that its citizens have become not a little conceited about their importance.

The great law of compensation has, however, evidently been at work. If the spirit of the manufacturers and shipbuilders gives cause for pride, the actions of the civic rulers certainly do not tend to foster that baneful emotion. The want of a municipal building in which should be united all the offices now inconveniently scattered over the city has long been experienced. Lately the Council bought a good site in the west—indeed, the only—square in the town. In order to get the best design for the building they offered prizes of £750, £500, and £250 for the best plan and the two next in point of excellence, the plans to be the property of the Corporation. This competition caused a good deal of stir, and Mr. Barry, of London, the architect who was appointed to adjudicate, found his task no sinecure. The galleries of the Corporation were filled with a show of plans which was hardly less attractive than the Prince of Wales' presents. So far all was well. But the award altered the rosy prospect. The councillors, in their economic wisdom, had stipulated that the cost of the buildings should not exceed £150,000, so that the adjudicator was forced to give the prizes, not to the designers of the best plans, but to those estimates which approached nearest to the sum. Inasmuch as the premiated plans will certainly not suit the wants of the Corporation, there is rather a grim ring in the laugh with which people ask what they obtained in return for the expenditure of £1,500. The architects answer, "Experience," and aver that they are the most hardly used parties in the miserable affair.

The "Auld Kirk of Scotland" has for many years enjoyed a happy immunity from those prosecutions for heresy and schism which have exerted so disquieting and, in some cases, so injurious an influence on the other Scotch denominations. Whether this is due to the toleration of the denomination as a whole, or to the soundness and wisdom of the individual ministers of the church, it is difficult to determine, but, in any view, the reign of harmony appears likely to be undisturbed. Some time ago the Rev. Mr. Robertson Smith was [illegible] for heterodoxy. The sermons are contributed by well-known ministers of the Established Church, and are edited by Mr. Knight, late of Dundee, whose views, it will be remembered, led to an enquiry which resulted in his leaving the Free Church, to be received into the fold of the Church of Scotland. In a preface, Mr. Knight states that the sermons are expositions of a system of theology which is being promulgated by many ministers of the Church of Scotland. The volume has been received with almost universal condemnation, the teaching in some of the sermons being, it is held, in direct opposition to the teaching of the confession of faith, while difficult and dangerous theological questions are treated so crudely or carelessly that the tendency of the book is altogether mischievous. The statement of the preface seems particularly unfortunate, as it has been flatly contradicted by everyone who has had occasion to criticise the volume. The Rev. Mr. Macfarlan, of Lenzie (formerly of Cupar), contributes to the volume two sermons, entitled, respectively, "On Authority" and "Things that cannot be shaken." These are regarded as particularly objectionable, and the Presbytery of Glasgow have felt called on to take action in the matter. The attention of that body was called to the sermons by Mr. Wallace, of Sofgirth, a month ago, and it was then agreed that the sermons should simply be allowed to lie on the table. The Presbytery again met yesterday, when the Rev. Dr. Jamieson, Glasgow, took the initiative, and moved that a committee be appointed to consider the sermons and confer with Mr. Macfarlan as to the doctrines enunciated therein. During his long career Dr. Jamieson has been a strong friend of toleration and freedom, and his attitude in the matter is highly significant. Several amendments were proposed, all condemning the sermons and regretting their publication, but questioning the propriety of the Presbytery taking action in the matter. Ultimately the debate was adjourned till next Thursday, when, it is expected, a definite decision will be come to. Other Presbyteries are meditating action in regard to sermons contributed by clergymen within their bounds.

The members of the National Association for the Promotion of Social Science have this year honoured Edinburgh with their presence, the annual congress of the association having been opened there yesterday (Wednesday). Edinburgh, as a city, is peculiarly fitted to be the meeting-place of the scientists. There is something in the air of leisure and dignity which, in distinction to other large Scotch towns, pervades it singularly appropriate to the calm discussion of difficult social problems. But in one respect Edinburgh is the most unsuitable place in the circle of the association at least, so far as Scotland is concerned, namely, that it possesses no building where all the sections can carry on their deliberations under one roof. The Parliament House and the adjoining Court-rooms have been utilized, but the [illegible] Department, the Fishery and Trade Department, and the Art Department have had to accept accommodation elsewhere. It is often urged against such gatherings that their principal object is to afford specialists an opportunity of airing each his own particular hobby, and, no doubt, there is a good deal in the objection; indeed, evidence is not wanting to show that the interest in the meetings of the association, if not on the wane, is certainly not increasing. So far as I can learn, the number of tickets sold, including members', associates', and ladies' tickets, up to this evening, is not nearly so great as in 1863, when the congress last met in Edinburgh. This is to be regretted, as the present meeting promises to be really practical and important, several papers dealing with questions of great public interest. Lord Reay, the president of the association, delivered his inaugural address in presence of a distinguished audience of ladies and gentlemen in the Free Assembly Hall last night. His address, which was able and exhaustive, dealt with the subject of international relations. He said that the principle on which statesmen were now supposed to act by the materialistic school of diplomatists was not that treaties were made with the view of being kept permanently, but, rather, as a tentative basis for international relations; that it was commonly accepted that treaties were only binding so long as the same set of circumstances existed under which they were drawn up; and he instanced the treaty of Prague as the most recent example, the stipulations of this treaty having notoriously been violated. Tracing the course of diplomacy for the last 25 years, he put in opposition the principles which actuated the policy of Napoleon III. and those which guided the policy of Bismarck. The Emperor Napoleon's views, although in general founded on a desire for peace and fairplay, had not been successful in warding off war, because while working on the side of peace, he had not followed the course of refraining from meddling with the relations of other countries until he could make an effective show of power.

It may be regarded as a sign of the times that the whole sitting of the art section to-day has been occupied with questions affecting the stage—from Professor Fleeming Jenkin's paper on the advisability of founding an endowed school for dramatic art, which was mainly theoretical, to the practical question of how to cure staginess. At the church Congress at Leicester last week the same wide [illegible] subjects of the stage and its influence and the means to be used for its reform were discussed, necessarily from a somewhat more contracted platform. Most of the speakers at the latter conference were, of course, clerical, but their utterances were leavened by the plain-speaking of Mr. Herman Merivale, the dramatist, whose clear periods received marked attention, and the blunt directness of Mr. John Coleman, an experienced actor. In Edinburgh, which smiles the Wyndham and the less real "school of acting" in the provinces at the Theatre Royal, this subject ought to be received and discussed in a liberal spirit.

A subject which from first to last has caused more discussion and speculation in Scotland than any since the general election is that of the immense floating palace built on the Clyde, which it pleases the Czar to call a yacht. Its design is entirely, or almost entirely new; its size is phenomenal; and the fact that it is supposed to be intended as a refuge to which even Nihilism will not be able to penetrate has made the Livadia an object of the greatest interest to all classes. There was a feeling of pride in the idea that the contract was secured by Glasgow, and a feeling of fitness also, since it was to the inventive brain of a late Mr. John Elder that the world owes the origin of round vessels and the various developments of the principle. The element of mystery which has been ever present in connection with the structure has been heightened by the attempt of three Russians, supposed to have been Nihilists, to introduce Thomason explosive machines on board the vessel, and by the ghastly practical joke of a threatening note to Admiral Popoff. The mere launching of a structure which most of all resembles a five-storey hotel, raised on an irregularly-shaped floating island, was an engineering feat; and seen as she now rides at anchor in mid-firth, where her majestic lines can be viewed to advantage, it is hardly to be wondered at that pride in her construction overcomes national prejudice against her owners—if, indeed, the element of profit in the transaction were not sufficient to counterbalance such a feeling. The dimensions of the vessel are curious, her length being 230 feet and her breadth 150. For her technical description I must refer you to the journals, which are full of the subject, and keep to a few of the principal facts about her. The objects which the designers and builders have sought to attain in building this new style of vessel has been entirely to obviate the pitching common to vessels of the ordinary construction, and thereby obtain a steady platform at sea. As this is the great recommendation for war-vessels, the Livadia may be regarded as an experiment in naval architecture, and on her success, of the form which will be adopted by the navies of the world. By the new invention the lines of resistance are reversed, the vessel being intended to glide over the water in place of cutting through it. Admiral Popoff's views are that in order to secure a steady deck one should take an inverted cone to rest on the surface of the water, and upon this erect a superstructure, rather than follow the accepted method of a V-shaped hull. Stated popularly, the difference is that between the hand laid flat on a table and the hand resting along the length of the little finger. The shape of the Livadia's air-cushion very much resembles a turbot fish, and the superstructure, although a development of the circular ironclad, named after its designer the "Popoffka," is brought to a point at the bow and stern instead of having [illegible] cushion, is built of innumerable water-tight compartments, any one of which may be flooded without affecting the others. On it rests the yacht, and over it, or, more properly, sunk in the yacht to some extent, is the Imperial palace, consisting of five decks or storeys. On the lower deck is the accommodation for the officers and crew, the former in the fore part of the vessel and the latter aft, the middle space being filled by the enormous engine, well, and galleys. On the main deck, which is floored with marble and at night illuminated with the electric light, are the apartments devoted to the Imperial family and suite, which are fitted and furnished with every element of luxurious ease. Above this main deck is another, called the awning deck, which contains the Emperor's grand reception hall and a structure, about the size of an ordinary villa, containing the Grand Duke Constantine's study and reception rooms and a couple of cabins for the captain. A grand view of the vessel is obtained from the roof of the upper deck-house, which is 56 feet above the level of the water. The fittings throughout are of a most sumptuous kind, and the mere recital of them reads like a fairy story. Ouida is almost the only person who could do justice to the upholstery, the gilding—to speak by the card, the bullion, for it is all too thick for gilt—the sofas, the carpets in which the foot sinks, the mirrors, and the curtains. The wainscot is satin wood, the hangings velvet of rich deep oriental hues, and the cushions of the rosewood furniture are of dainty pink satin. Some of the oriental effects would hardly suit the æsthetic school, but in all the grandeur and richness there is nothing to offend a healthy eye, though English taste in general seeks more moderate decorations. A distinguished party, chiefly of engineers and scientists, accompanied the Livadia down the river—perhaps the most interested of the company being Sir William Thomson, whose patents meet the eye in every part of the vessel.

DR. HOLMESTED'S DEPARTURE FROM AHMEDABAD.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, OCT. 25.

THE Government order transferring Dr. Holmested, our popular civil surgeon, to Hyderabad, fell like a bomb-shell in the city, spreading consternation among all classes, high and low, European and native alike. Since the arrival of the news the one question has been. "How are we to get on without our Doctor?" Dr. Holmested has been two years in Ahmedabad. His great skill as a medical man, and his unwearying kindness and attention to all, irrespective of position or race, have given him a hold on the affections of the people, the strength of which one who did not know of the work he has so unostentatiously been carrying on would find it difficult to realize. A memorial begging that he might not be removed, and bearing the signatures of the most influential natives of the place, was forwarded to Government; but Government orders, particularly when they are unpalatable to the public, are apparently as immutable as the laws of the Medes and Persians, and the memorial met with a stern refusal on public grounds. What the "public grounds" for Dr. Holmested's removal are it is difficult to understand. Ahmedabad is the second largest city in the Presidency, and has an immense population, besides possessing the unenviable reputation of presenting the largest death-rate of any city in India. It has its medical colleges as well as Hyderabad, and anyone would imagine that it would be a more object to keep a skilled and popular medical officer in the place. However, the ways of Government are strange and inscrutable; their study is like an occult science which no ordinary mind can master. Yet the fact still remains that, without any apparent reason, we are to lose Dr. Holmested. He carries with him our best wishes for his future health, happiness, and prosperity. The latter he is sure of, for if it be true that "the blessing of the poor maketh rich," Dr. Holmested leaves Ahmedabad a rich man indeed.

KANDAHAR LIBRARY.

THIS library was originally started by the Rev. Mr. Cane in May last, who, after many difficulties and much trouble, succeeded in collecting the present varied and interesting collection of books, magazines, and papers. The funds were provided by the then garrison of Kandahar, the entrance fee being fixed at Rs. 10, with a subscription of Rs. 2 per mensem. Mr. Cane, being very shortly to return to India, has handed over the secretaryship to Captain Keyser, 2-7th Fusiliers.

The present secretary is anxious to improve the library, and to develop and carry out the design Mr. Cane originally had in view. With this object he offers the following suggestions:—

1. That the library premises be so altered and improved, as far as available funds and the kind assistance of the officer commanding Royal Engineers will permit.

2. That a committee be formed to originate and carry out suggestions, &c.

3. That the scope of the present institution be somewhat enlarged, so as to permit of the formation of a sort of club where members may meet during the evening cold months for whist, &c., &c.

4. As funds will be needed for the above, it is hoped that many will become members.

Contributions of books, papers, &c., are especially [illegible] Congress at Leicester last week the same wide [illegible] *Kandahar News*.

THE BOMBAY ARMY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "PIONEER."

SIR,—I have read in your paper a considerable amount of disparaging observations in regard to the Bombay Army; and as I am an officer of that much depreciated and maligned body, I hope you will kindly allow me to explain that I know the nomination of General Burrows to a brigade for field service caused much grumbling among the senior officers, many of whom, such as Wood, James, Roome, Palin, &c., had seen a good deal of hard fighting, whereas General Burrows had earned his off-reckonings, and it was quite a job giving a brigade to a man who had never left his desk for years. What the Bombay Army wants is the weeding of some old and useless officers in commands, more young blood, and the cessation of the practice of giving all commands of a choice nature to no other than those who have been on the staff, and are not connected with a well-known set, at Poona, called the "*Poona Ring*." General Aitchison, now in command at Bombay, was never with a native regiment, and was five years Adjutant-General before he obtained his present berth. General Schneider, after being nearly all his life on the staff, was five years Judge Advocate-General, when he was translated to the Aden Command; and so it is the regimental officer who gets no leaves or fishes, and the native army is therefore despised. General Burrows was related to the late Military Secretary to Government, and his own son-in-law was his Brigade-Major at Maiwand. One main misfortune is the great age of some officers commanding regiments. I could point out five or six who are notoriously past their work, and are only waiting for a year or so, while in the meantime the efficiency of the regiment they command is being slowly sapped. Jacob's Rifles, it is said, is to be dislocated. It would be better to disband it, and raise in its stead a Third Belooch Regiment. Its Commandant, Colonel Mainwaring, was close on his off-reckonings, and is another instance of the efficiency of a native corps depending very much on the youth and energy of its leader.

SENEX.

A CORRESPONDENT in a letter to the *Civil and Military Gazette* makes the following suggestions:—

I have been told by an officer lately serving with a Bombay native regiment in Afghanistan, that he could hardly believe his senses, when he saw the total disregard to orders of the men of the regiment. To quote his own words, "a native officer or non-commissioned officer would give an order, the recipient would take no notice, or lounge away, or say he was going to wash, or cook, or for some such reason—which he evidently considered sufficient—could not attend to it, and, instead of insisting on the order being carried out, and that promptly, these native officers or non-commissioned officers would quietly turn away, and try and coax another man to carry out the order." "I have heard," continued he, "a most stormy debate between N. C. O. and private, and, on enquiring the cause, have found that the private has been warned for some guard or duty, which he did not consider it is his turn to do; and thereupon, instead of calmly placing the man in confinement, a most undignified argument has ensued; and this has not come under my notice once, but many times. Of course, this state of things does not now exist; these cases coming before European officers' very eyes, the evil was speedily checked by judicious punishment. But in camp, where officers do not come into the same contact with them as on service, they have no opportunity of discovering these things, and the native officers will not bring them to light, and, indeed, from habit I suppose, they seem to consider it their duty. No exact an explanation of every order they received."

Now the question is how to remedy this evil. I think the answer is simple enough. Abolish the native commissioned ranks, and in their stead have one European warrant officer, selected from among the N. C. Os of European regiments, to each company, and one senior to the rest, who would hold the same position with regard to the others, as in an European regiment a sergeant-major does to colour-sergeant, thus in native regiments there would be nine picked European non-commissioned officers.

There has been lately much discussion about the requirements of native regiments, and it seems to be the pretty general opinion that native regiments are under-officered. This is a fallacy—provided each regiment is kept up to its strength of European officers there are sufficient. True, Europeans are required, but not European officers. There is a certain class of work to be done; call it espionage if you will, which is unbecoming for an officer, and should not be required of him. This would be done by the warrant officers.

I would place these men in such a position with regard to the native, that they should be looked up to and hold the same place in his respect as European officers.

There are many N. C. O. in the European service, most worthy men, who thought totally unfitted for the commissioned ranks of that service, have, so to speak, the natures of gentlemen, and would not forget themselves if placed in the position I propose.

Well, and what is the question, it would be once apparent to the white soldier, would be unnoticed by his darker brother.

Not only would this be an inestimable benefit to our native army, but it would also add a strong inducement for good men to enlist in the European service; men who at present see no prize to win, so to speak, and rightly too, are commissions given by birth, that before enlistment were looked upon as an obtainable prize. [illegible] ceased to be looked upon as an

ASIA 6th T. MADHAV RAO, KOLI

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The name of the abovementioned native gentleman has, as you say in your issue of the 26th ultimo, been a source of some confusion with Europeans, and even with some natives, as regards its spelling and pronunciation. This point was once discussed even in a Viceregal party, but without reaching a common conclusion. With the view of settling this somewhat puzzling question once for all, permit me to address you a few words.

An oft-occurring name among the Mahratta Brahmins is *Mahadeo Rao*, which means great God, or something like it. But this is not the name of the Dewan of Baroda. His name is *Madhav Rao*, which means lord of fortune. The first part of the first name is *Mahat*, which means great, whereas that of the second name is simply *Ma*, which means fortune. There is similarly a difference in the second parts of the two names respectively. In short, the two names are quite different from each other. To insure the correct result, I will state the names in Balbodh characters as follows:—

The Dewan of Baroda's name is *not* महादेव राव, it is माधव राव.

A HINDU.

THE BARODA TRAGEDY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have perused the Baroda letter in your issue of the 27th instant, and I am not a little surprised at the shortsightedness of your correspondent when he says, in the latter part of his letter, that "the havildar, after this, went and loaded his musket, and with sword in hand defied everybody there (European officers included) to approach." Allow me to remind your correspondent that matters of this nature require two things to be considered before resorting to any rigorous measures, and these are "moderation and discretion." If those present were indiscreet enough to use firearms to disable or kill the man, his wife, your correspondent says, "stood alongside of her husband all the time," and she would have inevitably shared the same fate as her husband. Considering the close proximity of the woman to her husband, it was deemed essentially necessary to tranquilize the man, to which he happily yielded, and advanced to where General Devine was, when his arms were soon wrested from him. Subsequently the man fell at the General's feet. I would like to know if your correspondent was present at the 2nd Regiment lines, or whether his splenetic account is from hearsay information.

Baroda, Oct. 28. IMPARTIAL.

THE DHURRUMSEY MILLS MEETING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your Reporter, through inadvertance, or the noise and confusion that prevailed at the meeting of the Dhurrumsey Spinning and Weaving Company, has omitted to mention one point, on which the whole discussion between the present incumbents and the opposition turned.

Mr. Moteeram Bhagoobhoy said "that the agents, in the agreement with their muccadam, had stipulated only two per cent. increase of weight of cotton, which was a gratuitous deviation of duty. The agents knew well, as merchants of long experience, that the increase of weight allowed by muccadams was from five to five-and-a-half per cent. All the bills get that increase of weight from their muccadams, to which rule there is no single exception. Now, a difference of 3 per cent. of weight was an annual loss to the company of Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 75,000."

Mr. Chunda Ramjee, the mill muccadam, rose in his place and said,—"It was true that in the agreement entered into between him and the company the stipulated increase of weight of cotton was 2 per cent; but as his reputation as an honourable man was dear to him, he had given to the company hitherto the usual 5 per cent. increase of weight." Comments on such a reply are superfluous.

A SHAREHOLDER.

CRUEL TREATMENT OF BULLOCKS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—If your correspondent [illegible] Rooney: an eye-witness," whose letter appears in your paper of this morning, kindly sends me his name and address, I think there is some work for the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. [illegible] says, "A sepoy on duty there was mu[illegible] at this, and turning himself a Burra Sahib, [illegible] *pushed*, and *twisted cruelly* the poor *bullock* with one hand, and *cuttgelling the poor dumb beast* with the other, made the cart go in the [illegible] &c. The italics are mine. Now, every day a number of poor, ignorant cart-drivers in this city are prosecuted by the agents of the above society for their ill-treatment of the dumb animals, and it would favour of partiality were the society to let go scot-free the police sepoy in question, who deserves to be brought before a magistrate and fined for the offence. Securing the co-operation of your correspondent, I would be glad for our agents to find out the man, and for our society to prosecute him, and th

him as to how he had the pain, when the patient accused the prisoner of having caused it. The patient all along accused the prisoner of having caused injury, and when the police went to investigate the matter, he adhered to his statement. He lingered in hospital till the 10th instant, when he died. The prisoner denied the charge, but could assign no motive why the deceased should have accused him. A *Gowalla* patient, whose bed was alongside of the deceased, swore positively that the prisoner was the person who had caused the injury to the deceased. The magistrate adjourned the case till the 28th instant, for the evidence of Drs. Faniz Khan, Bahadoor Anoda Persand Dutt, who admitted the deceased into the surgical ward, and the surgeon who attended him there; besides that of Dr N. C. Gupta, Assistant Surgeon of Alipore, who held a *post mortem* examination on the deceased.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

WYNAAD GOLD FIELDS.—Mr. H. Tapp, who arrived in Madras from England about a month ago, and who has been on a tour of inspection in the Wynaad, has, we hear, purchased for the firm of London Stock Brokers, whom he represents in India, two estates which he considers contain auriferous quartz *reefs*. He returns to England by the mail steamer from Bombay on Saturday next.—*Athenæum.*

THE NEILGHERRY COMMISSION.—It will be remembered that the Madras Government, in the early part of this year, decided on abolishing the Neilgherry Commission, and issued the necessary instructions. The abolition was afterwards ordered to be held in abeyance, pending reference to the Government of India. We learn by telegraph from Ootacamund that the Commission has been abolished.—*Times.*

THE EXTENSION OF THE RAILWAY TO COCHIN.—Everything appears to be going on smoothly now with regard to the extension of the Railway to Cochin. The Government of India have recommended the scheme favourably to the Secretary of State for India, and we expect in a very short time final sanction will be obtained. The capital of the company about to be formed for the extension will be £3,50,000 or Rs. 65,00,000, and 90 per cent. of the guarantee thereon being borne by the Native States of Cochin and Travancore, the remainder 10 per cent. will be borne by the British Government.—*Western Star.*

THE BOATMEN AND THE NEW HARBOUR.—The Madras boatmen have memorialised Government for compensation for the loss they are likely to sustain, or have already sustained, by the construction of the Harbour. As well might the cartmen along the old dawk roads have memorialised for compensation for the loss caused to them by the construction of the railway. The boatmen apprehend that the Harbour is likely to curtail their earnings. From time immemorial they have virtually been masters of the situation, and now their occupation is imperilled. They are a sturdy lot of men, and it is to be hoped that they will not find the new order of things as disastrous as they at present imagine.—*Mail.*

MILITARY TRADERS.—It is notified that circumstances have recently come to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief which make it necessary for His Excellency to call the attention of all officers to paragraph 578 of the Madras Army Regulations, wherein it is laid down that officers are strictly prohibited from taking any part in the management of Banks in India, or from being connected with Banks, or any other Trading Companies, except as simple shareholders, the only exception to this rule being in favour of ex-officio directors or secretaries of Government Banks. This prohibition is not, however, intended to apply to officers on the invalid establishment.

THE MAHOMMEDANS AND THE DUKE.—Preparations on a grand scale are being made by the Agent of Her Highness the Nawab Begum of the Carnatic to give an entertainment to His Grace the Governor prior to his departure from Madras. The Mahomedan Theatrical Company have been engaged to give a performance in a large pavilion, which is being erected in the compound of the Begum's premises. There will be a pyrotechnic display after the entertainment.—*Mail.*

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAB, AND OUDH.

MUSSOORIE WATER SUPPLY.—The local Government have at last sanctioned the necessary funds for the carrying out of the long-talked-of water supply project at Mussoorie, and the work is to be taken in hand at once.—*Indian Herald.*

THE 5TH FUSILIERS.—The Left Half Battalion 5th Fusiliers arrived at Allahabad on the 20th ult., *en route* for Deesah and Bombay; the Head-quarters and Right Half Battalion coming in the following day. The strength of the regiment is 26 officers and 760 non-commissioned officers and men. The following officers accompany the regiment home:—Lieutenant-Colonel T. Rowland, Majors and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels J. G. Harkness and E. J. Oldfield; Captains and Brevet Majors J. Creagh, J. R. Newbolt, H. H. Taylor, T. R. W. Thistlethwayte; Captains H. S. Williams, W. C. Ormond, D. G. Beamish, G. Hart-Dyke; Lieutenants V. Chancellor, P. F. Lonsdart, H. E. Buchanan, W. L. Pennington, R. K. Kaye, J. W. Malet, G. Freed, G. M. Harding; 2nd Lieutenants A. E. Whitaker, E. Scantlebury, W. Cowley, F. Neville, W. H. Sitwell, St. G. C. Henry; Lieutenant and Adjutant S. Boxwell; Quartermaster Drake.—*Pioneer.*

PROGRAMME OF THE PRINCE NAPOLEON PARTY.

THE Prince [illegible] on Oct. 5th:

PARIS, Oct. 5.

M. Raoul Duval, the mouthpiece of Prince Napoleon, in a letter to the *Ordre*, draws up a kind of programme for his party. He says:

"To influence opinion, above all one must belong to one's age, and see things, not as one would like them to be, but as they are. We are no longer in 1851 or in 1871, and the revolution of the 4th of September belongs to history, like the *coups d'etat* of December, of Brumaire, of Fructidor, or the revolution of 1830. We no longer have to discuss which form of government affords most guarantees. The Republic is a fact which the successive manifestations of universal suffrage have rendered legal. It would be childish to contest it, and not very patriotic to strive after its destruction. It is better to do our utmost to make it useful to France. We must, therefore, follow exactly the same policy as if had chosen the present form of government. No sentimental reasons can prevent those who, like ourselves, preserve a respectful and sympathetic feeling for our party from following that line of conduct. The Emperor Napoleon III. no longer exists; the young Prince on whose head were centred all the hopes of so many Frenchmen died a soldier's and the present chief of the dynasty of the Napoleons has set us the example. As I wrote a few days ago, we have nothing to give up as regards our ideas of order; nothing as regards the interests of peaceful and progressive democracy. Freed from all thoughts of overturning, our opposition to the bad policy of the Government will only be more effective and serviceable. Our object must be to make liberty for all a reality; for liberty is the only true safeguard of progress in a society ruled by an elective Government. The present Republic is, in fact, only a monarchy without its guarantee; this legal condition cannot be prolonged without leading to some dictatorship full of perils and ventures. The right of association must be defined and guaranteed like the right of meeting and of writing. If we can make proper use of it, if men of order do not abandon each other in this highly governmental country, which in spite of all appearances has remained very conservative, liberty ought to insure us peace, for there are seven millions of voters who desire order and pacification at home, whose good sense protests against all idea of external aggression. . . . Firmly attached to ideas of order and right, I can conceive no other possible policy we shall do them infinitely more service than by sterile protests. If, moreover, we abstain from those personalities which uselessly wound and degrade those who allow themselves to be drawn into them rather than hurt those against whom they are aimed, we shall render possible for our country, which stands in the greatest need thereof, every pacification and reconciliation. Let us try to have it said of us, 'They were the best of good citizens.'"

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 1, FORBES STREET.

On FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Wari Bunder 2:—

A large quantity of grain and cotton sweepings, &c., &c.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account of the concerned—

1000 Boxes, each 30 packets, De Rovbaix Jenar and Co., steraine candles.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 1st November, 1880.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES.

On TUESDAY next, the 9th November, at 2 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Bombay Arsenal, by order of the Commissary of Ordnance,

A quantity of Unserviceable Ordnance stores comprising fire-engine, cordage, leather, firewood, old accoutrements, and harness, &c.

On WEDNESDAY, next, the 10th November, at 4 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Auction on the premises, by order of Lakamibace, widow of Venkerkrao Jeanmaldjee Sunkersett, Esq., and administratrix with the said late Jeanmaldjee Sunkersett, Esq., the undermentioned valuable property.

PARTICULARS OF SALE.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house and the chawl standing thereon, containing 294 square yards, or thereabouts, situate at Navisady Court, and at Doly Seth's Agiary Street, in the registration sub-district of the Fort, in the Island of Bombay. The property is registered under old No. 61 and new No. 631 by the Collector of Land Revenue, and is included under No. 29, in the New Revenue Survey map made by Colonel Laughton in 1865-70, and the house is assessed under No. 31, and the Chawl under Nos. 2 and 3, and is bounded as follows:—On the south by Doly Seth's Agiary, on the north by the property of Trikumdass Dhanamth Manager, on the east by Navisady Court, and on the west by the property of Krishnarao Ramchunder and Baleramchunder, and is now in the occupation of Lakamibai widow of Venayekrao Jeanmaldjee Sunkersett and other under-tenants.

The conditions of sale which the property will be sold at the Auctioneers, or at the office of Messrs. Prescot and Winter, Solicitors, Medows Street, four days prior to the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 1st November, 1880.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS.

WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. 75. Can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance to hill, to

The AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are INVITED for the purchase and immediate removal of the old SAND-STONE, RUBBLE-STONE, RABBIT and PAVING SLABS, being the remnants of Messrs. Tucker and Cook's old shop building in Rampart Row, Fort.

For particulars apply to the undersigned or Mr. Nusserwanjee Ghandabhoy, C. E., before the 7th November 1880.

N. BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY.

Managing Trustee, the Honourable Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Trust Settlement, 1872.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Dollars 1,600,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal, Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. " do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£175,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange the of day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned.

Star of India Brandy ..... Rs. 20 per doz.

LARRONDE FRERES'

Margaux ..... Qts. at Rs. 14 per doz.
St. Girons ..... " " 13 "

REMINGTON & Co.

PRICES OF
COSSART, GORDON & Co.'s
MADEIRAS,
SPECIALLY BOTTLED FOR THE INDIAN MARKETS.

Labelled.	Sealed.	Price.
Selected	White	Rs. 18 per Doz.
Old Particular	Green	" 21 "
Choice Reserve	Black	" 28 "

REMINGTON & Co.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended.

PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts ..... Rs. 1 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
Pints ..... " 1 0 " " 7 doz.
Hogsheads .. " 60 0 per hhd.

Apply to

WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
or
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGER,
opposite Crawford Market.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

From Messrs. BOSCHENAUER & Co., BORDEAUX.

Claret, Chateau Lafete, quarts, per case	Rs. 36	0
Do. Chateau Lagrange do. do.	"	28
Do. St. Estephe do. do.	"	24
Sauterne do. do.	"	16
Do. pints do.	"	18
Cognac Vieux quarts do.	"	28

From Messrs. GERARD FILS & Co., MARSEILLES.

Claret, Bordeaux, quarts, per case	Rs. 16	0
Cognac Grande Fine Champagne, quarts, per case	" 24	0
Chianti per ca Blanche, Sec., quarts,		
Do. Carte Blanche do. do.	" 32	8
Do. Carte d'or do. do. quarts, per case	" 28	0

From P. BARDINET, LIMOGES.

Cognac Rouge, pints, per case 2 doz	Rs. 25	8
Do. Blanc do. do. 1 doz	" 19	0
Cognac Vieux, quarts do. 1 doz	" 19	0

TERMS—CASH.

F. SAUQUET & Co.

Elphinstone Circle.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

	Per Doz. Quarts,	Per 2 Doz. Pints,
Eugene Oliquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 36 0	Rs. 38 0
Jules Canuset's Champagne, very dry	" 40 0	"
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	" 55 0	" 58 0

STILL HOCKS.

From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

	Rs.	16	8	Rs.	
Lanbenheimer		26	12	"	
Hochheimer		17	8	"	20 8
Geisenheimer		18	8	"	21 8
Liebfraumilch		22	0	"	25 0
Steinwein		22	0	"	
Rueslesheimer		26	12	"	29 12
Marcobrunner		30	8	"	33 8
Queen Victoria Berg		36	8	"	

BRANDY.

Boutessin & Co. Brandy 1 star	Rs. 20	0	per doz. qts.
Do. do. 2 stars	" 24	0	"
Do. do. 3 stars	" 28	8	"
Muller Fevre's Brandy	" 19	0	"
Boulestin & Co. do.	" 19	0	"
F. Dessandier & Co. " Brandy	" 24	0	"
Fenny and Rogers 3 stars Cognac	" 30	0	"

CLARETS.

From H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Franda	Rs. 13	0	Rs. 15	0
Les Canons	" 17	0	" 19	0
Chateau Lafitte	" 24	0	"	
Chateau Leoville	" 20	0	"	

From MONTREUIL FRANK FILS AINE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau Labranche	Rs. 26	0	Rs. 28	0
Chateau Latose	" 26	0	" 28	0
Chateau Divian	" 26	0	" 28	0
Chateau d'Uzan	" 26	0	"	
Chateau des Tours	" 26	0	" 28	0

BEER.

INDIA COOPER & Co.'s PALE	Rs. 5	4	per doz. qts.
Do. do.	" 3	4	per doz. pts.
Flower and Sons' Pale Ale	" 5	0	per doz. qts.
do.	" 3	0	per doz. pts.
Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants	" 21	0	Rs. 27 0
John Walker and Son's Old Highland Whiskey	" 21	0	

GERMAN ASPARAGUS AND SAUSAGES.

Asparagus	Rs. 2	0 per Tin.
Leberwurst (Liver Sausages)	" 1	4 "
Mettwurst (smoked Sausages)	" 1	6 "
Cervelatwurst (smoked Brain Sausages)	" 1	8 "
Gubratene Saucischen (Roast Sausages)	" 1	12 "

Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance of reference for payment in Bombay.

Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort.

Bombay, 9th February, 1880.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

WORKING OF AMROATI STATE RAILWAY.

ON and after MONDAY next, the first of November, 1880, the following alterations of, and additions to, Trains will take effect upon this Railway, namely:—

First.—The down North East Mail Train will leave Bombay at 6-30 p.m. instead of at 6-0, and will arrive at Jalnipur at 9-50 on the following evening.

Second.—The down North East Passenger Train now leaving Bombay at 8-30 a.m. will start at 7-0 a.m. instead, and will arrive at Jabalpur at 5-10 on the following afternoon.

Third.—The up North East Mail Train, which now leaves Jabalpur at 6-10 a. m., will leave at 5-40 a. m., and will arrive in Bombay at 8-15 on the following morning.

Fourth.—The down Passenger Train leaving Bhusawal at 11-45 night for Nagpur will leave at 10-20 p. m., and will reach Nagpur at 10-35 the next morning.

Fifth.—The down Mixed Train from Bhusawal to Nagpur will leave at 6-50 instead of at 6-30 a.m., and will arrive at Nagpur at 10-45 the same evening.

Sixth.—The up Passenger Train from Nagpur will start at 7-0 a.m. instead of at 5-0 p.m., and will arrive at Bhusawal at 7-15 the same evening.

Seventh.—The up Mixed Train now leaving Nagpur at 5-0 a. m. will leave at 1-30 p. m., and reach Bhusawal at 5-0 the next morning.

Eighth.—An additional Mixed Train will be run between Igatpuri and Bhusawal. It will leave Igatpuri at 8-0 in the morning, and arrive at Bhusawal at 6-45 the same evening; and will leave Bhusawal at 8-0 in the morning, and reach Igatpuri at 8-45 the same evening.

Ninth.—The Mixed Train between Kalyan and Kassara will be resumed on week days only. It will leave Kalyan at 8-20, and reach Kassara at 11-20 p. m.; and will leave Kassara at 8-0, and reach Kalyan at 11-15 a. m.

Tenth.—The present down Train leaving Bombay at 9-30 a. m. for Poona will leave Bombay at 9-45 morning, and will arrive at Poona at 5-30 in the afternoon, stopping at all intermediate Stations.

Eleventh.—The up Train now leaving Poona at 10-0 will start at 1-45 in the afternoon, and will arrive in Bombay at 7-30 p. m., stopping at all intermediate Stations.

Twelfth.—The Train which now leaves Poona at 12-30 will leave at 12-50 noon, and will arrive in Bombay at 7-30 in the evening.

Thirteenth.—The Local Train service between Bombay and Kalyan will be altered and improved.

All other Trains by which Passengers are carried will continue to run as at present.

When available, a small compartment of a third class carriage can be reserved for ten third class fares upon Mail, Passenger, or Mixed Trains.

For other and consequent alterations, and for further particulars, see the published Time Bill dated the First of November, 1880. Any additional information can be obtained at the Stations, or of the undersigned.

AMROATI STATE RAILWAY.—From the 1st of November next, the Amroati State Railway will be worked by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.

From the same date all the Rates and Fares and the wharfage and other charges, and all the general arrangements in force upon G. I. P. Railway, will be charged and adopted for all traffic upon the State railway, and the extra charges now made upon traffic conveyed over the State Railway will continue in force.

Two Mixed Trains will continue to run daily between Badnera and Amroati in connection with the down and the up Passenger Trains on the Nagpur Branch.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the Twenty-fifth of October, 1880.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.

Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland."

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.

Estimates for making up Dresses, &c., on application.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."

Price Lists on application.

Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

FELT HATS! FELT HATS!

THORPE AND COMPANY.

HAVE a Splendid Assortment of the New Shapes now worn all warranted not to change colour.

	Rs.	a.
Gentlemen's black stiff, round crown	7	8
Gent's do. best quality	8	8
Gentlemen's for *tall* men, best beaver felt, stiff square crown	8	8
Gentlemen's black soft felt, round crown	8	8
Gentlemen's drab soft, round crown, best felt	8	8
Gentlemen's drab stiff, round crown	8	8
Ladies' "Ascot," black stiff felt, round crown, latest shape	9	8
Ladies' black "Exchange," soft felt, round crown	10	8
Ladies' "Exchange," drab fawn, &c.	10	8
Ladies' Tweed hats	4	8
Gentlemen's Tweed hats	4	8
Travelling Caps, Double Peaks	4	0
Scotch Caps, Balmoral or Gengarry	4	0
Clerical Hats, Best Felt	8	8

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HELMETS, SUN HATS, A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

THORPE AND COMPANY,
CIVIL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS,

CORRECTLY CUT AND FINISHED IN THE BEST STYLE.

HOAR and CO. have a splendid assortment of New Materials for the cold season.

DISCOUNT.—TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE FOR READY-MONEY.

HOAR & Co.'s Day Suits. Thin Scotch Tweeds. A Large Assortment of Stylish Designs	30	0	HOAR & Co.'s Lounge Coats. Fancy Angola, Cheviots, and Home Spun. Rs. 18, 22 to	24	0
HOAR & Co.'s Office Suits. Very Thin Angloa, Plain Mixtures, Fancy Checks, &c., Rs. 30, 36, 38	42	0	HOAR & Co.'s Visiting Coats, Superfine Blue & Black Fancy Coatings,	36	0
HOAR & Co.'s Serge Suits. Best Blue Yarn Dyed Serge, Fast Colour,	30	0	HOAR & Co.'s Frock Coats, Super Blue and Black Fancy Coatings	42	0
HOAR & Co.'s Dress Suits. Best West of England Broad Cloth, Rs. 75 to	85	0	HOAR & Co.'s Trousers. Fancy Angola, Cashmere, Rs. 14, 16, 18	20	0
HOAR & Co.'s Shikar Suits. Strong Hand-made Drills, Rs. 16 to	18	0	HOAR & Co.'s Riding Trousers, Chipping Norton Whipcord	24	0
HOAR & Co.'s Cricketing Suits. Shrunk Saxon	30	0	HOAR & Co.'s Bedford Cord	25	0
			HOAR & Co.'s Light Ulsters and Chesterfields, Rs. 25 to	40	0

Hoar and Co.'s new Self-measurement [illegible] on application.

HOAR & CO., TAILORS. BOMBAY.

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

In Open Crystal face cases	...	...	Rs. 25	0 0
In Hunting cases	...	...	" 30	0 0
In Half-Hunting cases	...	...	" 35	0 0

Two years' guarantee. Sent post free to every Station in India.

MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co. beg to draw particular attention to the above watches, and confidently recommend them to every person who wants to buy a watch: CHEAP, STRONG, and GOOD.

These watches are of moderate size, in an extremely well-made and tight-shutting German Silver case. The movement is protected inside by a glass dome.

The movement has a Patent Lever Escapement, built on the soundest scientific principles.

The watches are keyless, and the hands are set also through the keyless mechanism, so that there is no necessity of opening the watch.

The watches have a second hand.

The figures on the dial and the hands are left extra bold, so that the time can be seen instantly on a glance at the dial, and in nearly complete darkness.

The watch, as a whole, combines strength with all the conditions necessary to good time-keeping.

This watch has proved a complete success as a CAMPAIGN WATCH, and its usefulness is recognised by the daily increasing demand from all quarters of our Army in the field.

To Shikaries, Sportsmen, &c., these watches will prove to stand any amount of rough usage and handling.

We guarantee riding will not effect the working of these watches.

We dare confidently say that these watches, if treated with ordinary care, and cleaned once every two years, will give a 15 years good service.

Every watch is fitted in a wooden case, in which will be found a spare glass, and a spare mainspring.

We receive now regular shipments of these watches by each mail, and every order can for the future be executed by return post.

Only watches that have been examined and timed are despatched on orders.

2 years' guarantee. Packing and postage free.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

N.B.—In order to protect our watches from inferior articles brought on the market under simila names, we engrave our name, or stamp our name, on all of them.

Illustrated Catalogues giving details of our enormous stock of pocket Watches, Clocks, &c., sent free on application.

Our new Illustrated Catalogue for the coming season will appear shortly.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

OXFORD AND ZEPHYR SHIRTS.

WE have now received our Stock of new patterns in our celebrated Oxford and Zephyr Cloths, and offer for inspection a really choice assortment in these goods.

Shirts, Collars attached, per ½ doz. Rs. 37.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.

Our Stock of French Cambrics is now replete with new and pretty designs from Paris manufacturers, all fast colours and durable material.

Shirts, Collars attached, per ½ doz. Rs. 33.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

A good assortment of best Wove Flannels and Silk and Wool Flannels are just to hand, all thoroughly shrunk and of sound and durable texture. The Silk and Wool fabric is specially adapted for hot weather wear.

Shirts, Wove Flannel, each Rs. 9., Silk and Wool, each Rs. 9-8.

SILK SHIRTS.

In this climate Silk Shirts will be found a great luxury. We have now a *fresh stock* of *new patterns.*

Shirts, Collars attached, each Rs. 12-8.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.

Longcloth Shirts with *fine* Linen Fronts and Cuffs, four fold, per ½ doz. Rs. 33.
Do. do. with Cambric Fronts and Cuffs, for wearing under Uniform, per ½ doz. Rs. 24.
Collars attached, *four fold Linen*, per ½ doz., extra Rs. 3.

COLLARS.

We have the *new leading* shapes of the *finest Linen* and *four fold*, Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 7 per doz.

SLEEPING SUITS.

Best Wove Flannel, Shrunk	Rs. 18	Complete Suit.	
" Silk and Wool "	" 18-8	"	"
" Oxford Cloth	" 11	"	"
" Zephyr Cloth	" 11	"	"
" Silk	" 25	"	"

Ten per Cent. Discount for Cash.

PATTERNS AND SIMPLE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF MEASUREMENT POST FREE ON APPLICATION.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, ENGRAVERS

GOLD & SILVER SMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,

HAVE REMOVED

TO MORE SPACIOUS PREMISES,

BUILT EXPRESSLY FOR THEM,

AT

NO. 2, RAMPART ROW,

NEXT TO THE CURRENCY OFFICE, BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS & CO.

September, 1880.

FOR PRESENTATION
TO GENTLEMEN.

GOLD STUDS AND SLEEVE-LINKS.

Sets of three Studs, Collar Button, and Sleeve-Links, or Solitaires,
IN PLAIN DEAD GOLD, *are very fashionable and much worn just now.*

Price the set, Rs. 52,—or Studs, Rs. 18; Sleeve-Links, or Solitaires, Rs. 28; Collar Button, Rs. 9; 18-carat Gold.

HORSE-SHOE SETS, Rs. 62.
LAPPED AND ENGRAVED SETS, Rs. 68.
ENGRAVED SETS, from Rs. 40.
ENGRAVED AND ENAMELLED SETS, from Rs. 45.
ONYX OR SARDONYX SETS, from Rs. 60.

COMPLETE DRESS SETS.

All Gold, "Knot" Pattern: 5 Vest Buttons, 3 Shirt Studs, and Collar Button, with Sleeve-Links, Rs. 50.

DRESS VEST BUTTONS IN SETS OF 5 & 6.

Pearl Centre and Enamelled, Rs. 115.
Turquoise Pave, Rs. 95. Enamelled Strap and Buckle, Rs. 110. Coral, Rs. 65. All Gold, Rs. 63.
Onyx, Rs. 44 and 70. White Cornelian, Rs. 40 and 45. Malachite, Rs. 26.

COLLAR BUTTONS.

Plain, Engraved, or set with Stones, from Rs. 9 to 25.
Set with fine Brilliant Diamond, Rs. 40 to 200.

STUDS.

In great variety—plain Gold, Engraved, or set with Stones, from Rs. 12 to 100.

HAMILTON AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
Next door to National Bank.

JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS WATCH AND CLOCKMAKERS, ETC.,
BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I.,
GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
HEAD ESTABLISHMENT, CALCUTTA.

October 27th, 1880.

NOTICES.

PROFESSOR GHIBELLO, SCULPTOR, PAINTER, and DECORATOR having returned to Bombay, begs hereby to inform the Public that he has OPENED again his former studio in the Fort, Bake House Lane, No. 2.

The Works of Art formerly executed by him in Bombay for Government as well as for private gentlemen induces him to entertain hopes of being entrusted again by the Public with orders.

Decorations in relief as well as in painting in any kind of style will be executed by him with the greatest care and neatness.

PEACE RESIDENT IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

I hereby give NOTICE that a meeting of H. M.'s JUSTICES of the PEACE resident in the CITY of BOMBAY will be held in the Town Hall on TUESDAY, the 9th November, 1880, at half-past 4 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of a member of the Municipal Corporation in the place of the Honorable Morarjee Goculdass, C. I. E., deceased.

HORACE. W. BARKER,
Clerk to H. M.'s Justices of the Peace.

Bombay, Office of Clerk to H. M.'s Justices of the Peace; 29th October, 1880.

CASSIPORE SUGAR WORKS.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

First, White, the finest Crystal	10 lb. Bag	Rs. 2	0	per Bag
Do.	do.	40	"	" 7 12 "
Second, White, Small White	10 "	"	"	1 14 "
Do.	do.	40	"	" 7 5 "
Grainy, Yellow, Pale Yellow	10 "	"	"	1 12 "
Do.	do.	40	"	" 6 8 "

These pure Sugars are in Patent Water-proof Bags. No orders executed unless accompanied by cash in full.

MIRZA ABDUL HOSAIN,
Agent for Bombay Presidency.

36, Apollo Street.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY.—Ihlang-Ihlang, Jockey Club, Vanda and other Perfumes, Toilet Vinegar of world-wide celebrity, Toilet Water, Lavender Water, Florida Water, Eau de Cologne, Lime Juice and Glycerine for the Hair, Honey, Windsor, Tilia, Transparent Coal-tar, and other Toilet Soaps, Violet and Rice Powder, Aquadentine for the Teeth, Aromatic Ozonizer, a natural Air Purifier, &c. Sold by all Perfumers and Chemists. Registered Trade Mark—an Heraldic Rose, 96, Strand, 128, Regent-Street, and 24, Cornhill, London; 9, Boulevard des Capucines, Paris.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

SIGNOR J. MANOLESCU begs to inform his patrons and the public that he has REMOVED to larger PREMISES, opposite to his recent shop in Meadow Street, which has been fitted up with every convenience to suit the large and rapidly increasing trade. Ladies and Gentlemen frequenting this establishment will find the attention given to every branch of the business by the proprietor will leave nothing to be desired.

Wigs and every kind of Hair ready-made or made to order. Ladies own hair made up in the latest fashion.

THE ROMAN HAIR CUTTING SALOON,
No. 12, Meadow's Street.
Shop open daily from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

THE COMPANY'S BOOKS for the year CLOSE on the 15th NOVEMBER NEXT, and all who assure on the Participating scale before that date will share in the FIVE YEARS' PROFITS then to be divided.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
GEORGE OLIVER, Acting Secretary.

Madras Office: BINNAY & Co., Chief Agents.

ARRIVAL OF FIRST BATCH OF EXCELLENT ARAB HORSES.
PER S. S. BOMANA FROM ARABIA.

DINSHAW SUNTOOK & Co. present their compliments to their constituents and the Public in general, and beg respectfully to inform them that they have just received a new, and first batch of superior HIGH-CASTE ARAB and NUZDEE HORSES, consisting of good Chargers, Hunters, Racers, and Gallowas, &c., No. 141, Bhendy Bazaar, Commission Stable, Bombay, 11th October, 1880.

NOTICE.

TANNA COLLECTORATE.

TENDERS for the REMOVAL and PURCHASE of TEAK RAFTERS and FIREWOOD of various sorts cut departmentally in the Forests as below will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th November, 1880:—

Name of Taluka.	No. of Rafters about.	Firewood of the following sorts, Khandy of 784 lbs. Teak.	Mixed.	Dhowda.
I.—IN BHIWANDI TALUKA.				
Chimbicha-pada ..	120		1,000	..
Murbe ..	5,100	200	..	..
Newadi ..	2,000	350	..	..
2.—IN PAMVEL TALUKA.				
Barwai ..	200	10	..	..
Saane ..			..	..
Kalwadi ..	2,800	200	..	..
3.—IN MURBAD TALUKA.				
Mandeve ..	1,100	80	..	..
Palashbal ..	1,300	70	..	..
Birwadi ..	1,600	50	..	..
Tale ..	2,700	90	..	..
Shilland ..	900	30	..	..